Recent literature on lichens—206

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Adamo, P., P. Crisafulli, S. Giordano, V. Minganti, P. Modenesi, F. Monaci, E. Pittao, M. Tretiach & R. Bragaglì. 2007. Lichen and moss bags as monitoring devices in urban areas. Part II: trace element content in living and dead biomonitors and comparison with synthetic materials. Environmental Pollution 146(2): 392–399. [Study in Trieste and Naples, Italy, using Pseudevernia furfuracea and Hypnum cupressiforme exposed for 6 weeks. Accumulation of trace elements was not affected by the organism’s vitality.]


Aptom & C. M. van Herk. 2007. Further evidence of the effects of global warming on lichens, particularly those with Trentepohlia phycobionts. Environmental Pollution 146(2): 293–298. [Observed changes in temperate western European epiphytic and terricolous lichens suggests that species with Trentepohlia (usually with more southern distributions) are increasing, and that “. . . in this habitat, Trentepohlia algae, rather than the different lichen symbioses, are affected by global warming.”]