

## Occurrence of *Callicebus bernhardi* in Rolim De Moura, Rondônia, Brazil

Authors: Quintino, Erika Patrícia, and Bicca-Marques, Júlio César

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Social groups of Prince Bernhard's titi monkeys were sighted in the following forest fragments from January to October 2013:

- Sítio Nossa Senhora Aparecida ( $11^{\circ}47'59.87"S$ ,  $61^{\circ}47'03.19"W$ ; ca. 2.3 ha) - group composed of four individuals (an adult male, an adult female, a juvenile, and an infant born in August 2013; Fig. 1). These titi monkeys were observed *ad libitum* (Altmann, 1974) feeding on fruit of *Oenocarpus distichus* and *Orbignya phalerata* (Arecaceae) and fruit and young leaves of *Inga* sp. (Fabaceae) and unidentified shrubs and lianas;
- Sítio São José ( $11^{\circ}48'38.54"S$ ,  $61^{\circ}46'31.85"W$ ; ca. 2.5 ha) - group composed of, at least, five individuals;
- Sítio Nova Boa Esperança ( $11^{\circ}48'07.52"S$ ,  $61^{\circ}47'00.98"W$ ; ca. 2 ha) - group composed of, at least, two individuals.

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Erika Patrícia Quintino and Júlio César Bicca-Marques, Laboratório de Primatologia, Faculdade de Biociências, Pontifícia Universidade Católica do Rio Grande do Sul, Porto Alegre, RS 90619-900, Brasil. E-mails: <erika\_es-trela@yahoo.com.br> and <jcbicca@pucrs.br>.

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## OCCURRENCE OF *CALLICEBUS BERNHARDI* IN ROLIM DE MOURA, RONDÔNIA, BRAZIL

Erika Patrícia Quintino  
Júlio César Bicca-Marques

In their description of the Prince Bernhard's titi monkey, *Callicebus bernhardi*, van Roosmalen et al. (2002) suggested that it might occur on the west bank of the Rio Ji-Paraná in the state of Rondônia, Brazil, based on the observation of an undetermined greyish titi monkey at the Pimenta Bueno Municipal Park in Pimenta Bueno by Ferrari et al. (1996; later identified as *C. moloch* by Ferrari et al., 2000). The presence of *C. bernhardi* in this region was confirmed by Monçao et al. (2008) in Alto Alegre dos Parecis. Here we report its occurrence in forest fragments to the west of the Rio Ji-Paraná in Rolim de Moura.



**Figure 1.** Adult Prince Bernhard's titi monkey carrying the newborn (see the tip of its tail above the adult's left leg). Photograph by E. P. Quintino.

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