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## VEGETATION MAP AND PLANT CHECKLIST OF OL ARI NYIRO RANCH AND THE MUKUTAN GORGE, LAIKIPIA, KENYA

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#### ABSTRACT

Ol Ari Nyiro is a 360 km² ranch on the Laikipia Plateau, in a semi-arid part of Kenya. The vegetation of the ranch and of nearby Mukutan Gorge was mapped, and a preliminary check-list of fungi and vascular plants compiled. The vegetation was classified in 16 different types. A total of 708 species and subspecies were identified. This represents 10% of the estimated Kenyan flora, making Ol Ari Nyiro one of the most diverse non-forest areas in East Africa.

#### INTRODUCTION

The Ol Ari Nyiro/Mukutan Gorge area is one of the most diverse non-forest areas in East Africa. It is home to the Gallmann Memorial Foundation, which has strived to keep it in as natural a state as possible, and which sponsors ecological research on the semi-arid ecosystems of north-central Kenya (Young & Francombe, 1991; Oloo et al., 1994).

Ol Ari Nyiro is a 360 km² (approximately 90,000 acres) ranch located on the Laikipia plateau in the Republic of Kenya. It lies between longitudes 36° 17' and 36° 29' E and between latitudes 0° 29' and 0° 42' N. Elevations range from 1,260 m at the base of the gorge to 2,200 m in the hills to the south-west. The diverse topography supports a variety of vegetation types from dry marginal forest to semi-arid bushland. Mean annual rainfall (fig. 5) has ranged from 340 mm in the driest year (1983) to 1,322 mm in the wettest year (1963), and generally decreases from the southwest to the northeast (see 'Rainfall', below). Mean yearly maximum and minimum temperatures are estimated to be 30° and 14°C, respectively (Odinga, 1971). The Mukutan River flows through the centre of the property, with the upper reaches partially seasonal. Several springs provide permanent water to the ranch. There are also 33 dams throughout the ranch.

Ol Ari Nyiro is a valuable remnant of the diverse flora and fauna that once covered vast areas of the Laikipia Plateau and the eastern Rift Valley escarpment. Our goal was to produce a preliminary plant checklist and a description of the vegetation of Ol Ari

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Nyiro/Mukutan Gorge to assist in future conservation, management, and development plans for the area.



Figure 1: location of the study area

This survey comprised the entire Ol Ari Nyiro Ranch, including the upper Mukutan Gorge, and those parts of the lower Mukutan Gorge that lie outside the boundaries of the ranch. Ol Ari Nyiro is a 360 km² privately-owned ranch located on the Laikipia Plateau in the Republic of Kenya (36° 25' E, 0° 35' N). The Laikipia plateau was the result of uplift 20-25 million years ago, producing a broad high plain between the future sites of Mount Kenya and the Aberdare Mountains. The highest point on the ranch is 2,200 m above sea level, and most of the ranch lies between 1,800 and 2,000 m.

Faulting and folding of rocks during the formation of the Rift Valley is thought to have produced faultlines in the Mukutan area, leading to weaknesses and sinking. The Mukutan River was possibly redirected along such lines of weakness, further deepening and widening them by erosion. There are a number of side gorges running perpendicular to the main gorge, and parallel to exposed fault lines. The Mukutan River flows through the gorge from east to west, ultimately reaching Lake Baringo 20 km to the west. The mouth of the gorge is 1,260 m above sea level, rising to 1,780 m at the eastern end. At the deepest point, the gorge walls are approximately 600 m high.

#### History of land use

The Laikipia Plateau was probably been used by pastoralists for at least several hundred years. Ol Ari Nyiro has been a private ranch for approximately forty years. During most of this time, it has been an active cattle ranch. At the time of this survey, there were 2,600 cattle on the property. These numbers have recently been reduced substantially in the interest of increasing biodiversity.

Fire from humans and natural sources has probably always occurred on this land. As recently as 1990, fire was used as a management tool in controlling woody species, with some areas burnt yearly and others at longer intervals. This practice has been discontinued. Several hundred hectares in the wetter southwestern part of the property are under cultivation.

The Gallmann Memorial Foundation, which manages the land, is dedicated to reconciling the needs of both humans and biodiversity. As such, its current management is aimed at integrated land management that minimizes negative effects on indigenous plants and animals.

## Vegetation map

The drawing of a vegetation map presupposes demonstrable variation in plant community structure. More importantly, it assumes that this variation can somehow be compartmentalised into vegetation 'types'. The existence of a line on a vegetation map implies clear differences between the areas on either side of the line, and relative uniformity within a particular 'type'. This is rarely the case (Barbour et al., 1987).

Each plant species has distributional limits that are more or less distinct. If entire plant communities were also distinct, the distributional limits of most important species would co-occur. For example, on reaching the end of 'Acacia woodland' and entering 'mixed bushland', one might expect several common species associated with the woodland to disappear, and for most of the fundamental elements of the bushland to appear. Such a pattern would be indicative of the 'unit concept' of community structure.

When they do occur, there are several causes for these abrupt and clear-cut community boundaries in nature. A) There is sometimes a sudden change in soil type. B) In habitats that are burned, the limits of burns may be consistent because the fires reach a barrier, such as a river, a road, or a forest edge. Then plant community boundaries can be sharp and dramatic. C) Sometimes, the presence of several species is dependent on the presence of a single 'keystone' species. At the distributional limit of the keystone species, all of the dependent species also disappear. In such cases, the lines on a vegetation map represent very real community boundaries. This situation is less common.

More commonly, plants species enter or drop out of the community along a gradient more or less independently of each other. This represents the 'individualistic concept' of community structure. In such cases, there are no clear cut boundaries for communities, and vegetation maps serve not to delineate distinct types, but to indicate overall change. One must not expect the lines on a vegetation map always to be obvious in the field; often it is merely the judgement of the mapper as to the characteristics that are important (usually the limits of important species).

We carried out this mapping through ground surveys, mostly by TPY. Using existing roads and trails, he was able to directly survey virtually the entire property.

## OL ARI NYIRO VEGETATION

On Ol Ari Nyiro Ranch, there are both distinct community boundaries, and areas of gradual community change, the latter being more common. Each of the most important woody shrub species has a distribution that is mostly independent of the others. In fact, the 'types' delineated on the vegetation maps are mostly determined by the limits of individual species, with each type being characterized by a particular combination of the few dominant species. Therefore it is appropriate to begin a description of Ol Ari Nyiro vegetation with a description of dominant plant species. First, however, we will describe the environmental factors that determine these distributions.

## **Environmental Factors (Gradients)**

#### 1. Topography/Soils (fig. 2)

The most striking environmental factor on the ranch is topography. The Mukutan Gorge and its associated valleys dominate the landscape. The eastern part of the ranch is more or less

flat, dropping gently from east to west. In the northeastern corner there are some low hills. The western part of the ranch is cut in half by the Mukutan Gorge running east-west, into which numerous subsidiary valleys run perpendicularly. The result is a parallel series of narrow flat-topped ridges separated by steep slopes. The southwestern corner of the ranch contains the last moist hills coming down from the Aberdare Mountains 50 km to the south.

The soils of the area show a distribution determined mostly by topography. The Kenya Soils Survey has made a preliminary survey of the area (Ahn & Geiger, 1987), and describes four soil types:

A. Eutric cambisols in the gorges. 'Excessively drained, shallow, brown to greyish brown, gravely, loam to clay'.

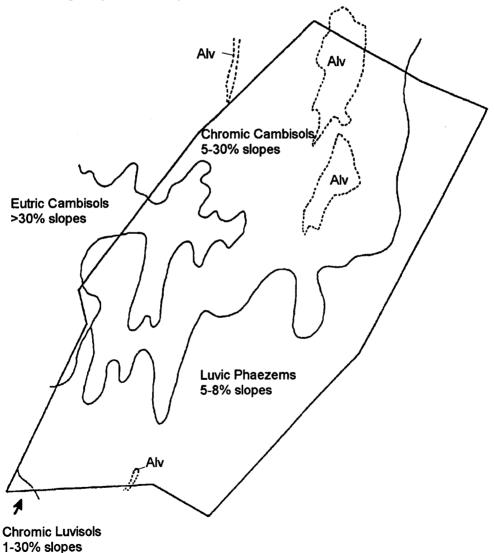


Figure 2: Soils of OI Ari Nyiro; Alv = alluvial deposits (redrawn from the map of Ahn & Geiger, 1987)

- B. Chromic cambisols throughout the remainder of the western two-thirds of the ranch. 'Excessively drained, shallow, dark brown, gravely, clay loam to clay'.
- C. Luvic phaeozems on the eastern third and south of the ranch. 'Well drained, very deep, dark reddish brown to brown, firm clay, with 20 cm humic topsoil'.
- D. Chromic luvisols on the hills of the extreme southeastern corner of the ranch. 'Well drained, very deep, dark reddish brown, firm, clay loam to clay'.

In addition, there are alluvial deposits in the north-central part of the ranch.

## 2. Geology—Seeps (figures 3 & 4)

The underlying geology effects the kind of soils found on the ranch, as in the case above of alluvial deposits (Anonymous, 1977; 1987). But geology also has another striking effect on vegetation. Throughout the ranch there are seeps and springs where water emerges from

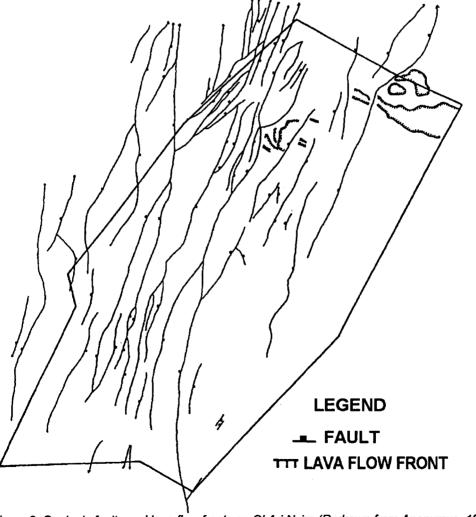


Figure 3: Geologic faults and lava flow fronts on OI Ari Nyiro (Redrawn from Anonymus, 1977)

subsurface flow. Vegetation on these seeps is very different from drier sites nearby. These seeps seem to coincide with two different geological phenomena. First, several seeps appear to be associated with fault lines. Second, seeps can occur where erosion has exposed a boundary between two basic geological formations, such as on the slope above and south of Maji ya Nyoka. Both of these types of seeps can be seen when the geology maps are overlaid with the vegetation map.

## 3. Rainfall

Mean annual rainfall over the past 41 years has been 773 mm at the ranch headquarters, which is located at the center of the property. During this period, rainfall ranged from 340

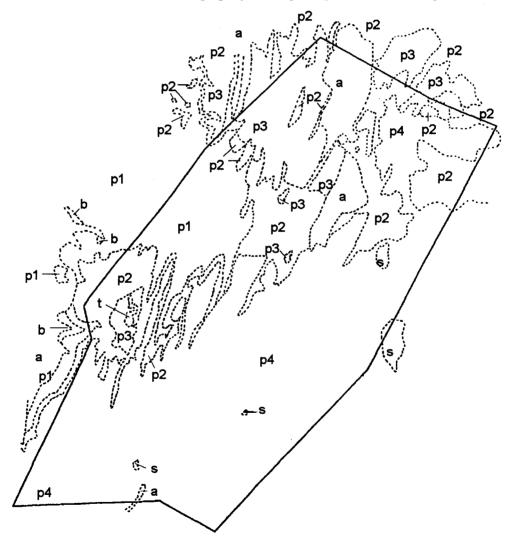
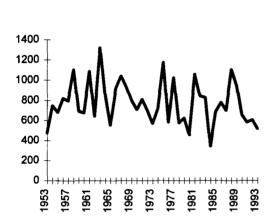


Figure 4: Surface geology of Ol Ari Nyiro (redrawn from Anonymus, 1977). b: Samburu basalts; p1: Ngelesha Phonolites; p2, p3: Uaso Nyiro Phonolites; p4: Marmanet Phonolites; s: Sapili Trachyte; t: tuff; a: alluvium

mm in the driest year (1983) to 1,322 mm in the wettest year (1963)(fig. 5). Rainfall is somewhat bimodal, peaking in April-May and July-August (fig.6).

There are currently seven active rain guages on the property. These suggest there is a rainfall gradient on the ranch decreasing from south to north, or as maps of the Laikipia Research Project suggest, from southwest (900 mm) to northeast (700 mm). However, the hills in the northwest corner of the ranch appear to get more rain than lower areas adjacent to them.



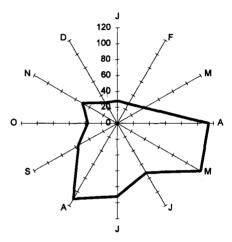


Figure 5: Annual rainfall in mm

Figure 6: Mean monthly rainfall in mm

## 4. Burning

Burning has had a pronounced effect on the vegetation of the northern and western parts of ranch, opening up areas that would otherwise be thick bush.

#### 5. Herbivory

The recent fencing of grass leys and bush bomas is likely to result in vegetation differences in the future, but it is too soon for these differences to be obvious. However, it is already possible to see differences in the Ngelesha forest between areas with and without elephants.

Together, these environmental factors determine the distribution of most of the dominant woody plants on the ranch. However, each species' distributional response to these factors is unique. Below, we describe the distributions of key plant species.

## **Key Species**

## 1. Tarconanthus camphoratus (Leleshwa)

Leleshwa is the dominant shrub on the southern part of the ranch, in some areas forming virtually pure stands, excluding all other woody species. Its northern limit is probably related to decreasing rainfall. Its western limit neatly follows the boundary between the gorge and upland soils. Leleshwa prefers more or less level ground with rich, deep soil (Young & Francombe, 1991).

## 2. Euclea divinorum & E. racemosa ssp schimperi (Mukinyei)

Euclea is the dominant shrub in the northern and eastern, drier parts of the ranch. At its southern limit, it overlaps considerably with Leleshwa. It can be found in a wide variety of topographic situations and plant associations.

## 3. Carissa edulis (Mukawa)

Carissa has a distribution similar to that of Euclea, but more restricted. It seems to particularly thrive on rockier soils, such as those along the eastern boundary, and in these situation it can be more common than Euclea.

## 4. Acacia gerrardii

Acacia gerrardii occurs mostly north of the ranch centre on flat, deep soils clearly associated with alluvial deposits. Twenty years ago, the acacia woodland had many tall trees, but most of these are now gone. Their disappearance has been mainly attributed to elephants. Elephants have undoubtedly knocked down older trees, but it may be that these older trees were past their prime. Elsewhere in East Africa, Acacia species form single age stands, and the individuals within a stand appear to senesce around the same time (Young & Lindsay, 1988).

There are abundant smaller A. gerrardii trees of various ages (representing several cohorts?). These trees are heavily fed upon by elephants, but usually survive this herbivory, unlike older trees. Whether these younger tree will eventually grow to replace their predecessors is not clear. The recent increase in the density of elephants threatens to perpetually keep them from attaining full height. It is possible a series of wet years would provide elephants with enough alternate food, and allow fast enough acacia growth that substantial numbers of acacias could grow out of the shrub layer.

## 5. Acacia brevispica (Wait-a-bit)

Acacia brevispica has a disjunct distribution, representing two distinct plant associations. First, it is common along the steep slopes of the gorges. Second, on the eastern part of the ranch, A. brevispica occurs in relatively narrow bands that tend to be associated with gentle rocky slopes. In these sites it is almost always found with Croton dichogamus.

## 6. Combretum molle and other Combretum species

Combretum occurs in the hilly terrain in the north, particularly on ridge tops in the west, and hill slopes in the north and east. It often predominates in the wooded grasslands maintained by fire. Elephants appear to enjoy knocking down adult Combretum trees for unknown reasons, although we suspect that they are eating something in the roots (R. Brett, pers. comm.).

## 7. Olea europea (Olive)

Olive is the dominant tree in the forests and thickets throughout the ranch, except the riverine forests. Its distribution is scattered, and of three types: A) The Ngelesha forests in the south west. B) Along seeps, particularly in the central part of the ranch. C) In the north-eastern part of the ranch. The first two sites are seasonally moist, but the latter should be relatively dry. It is possible that the north-eastern hills catch more rain than adjacent lower land. Olive may once have covered much more of ranch than it does now (C. Francombe, pers. comm.).

## 8. Acacia xanthophloea (Fever Tree)

Fever trees are restricted to the bottom of the Mukutan Gorge, in areas where the gorge is not too narrow, where there is permanent water and good soil. These sites are mainly at the upper and lower ends of the Gorge.

## 9. Croton megalocarpus & C. machrostachys

Croton trees occur in situations similar to Fever Trees, but somewhat drier, placing them further upstream. Its distribution overlaps with Fever Trees at the wetter end, and Olive at the drier end. Often found in association with Euphorbia candelabrum.

## 10. Acacia abyssinica

Acacia abyssinica is restricted to the southern part of the ranch, where it forms forest-edge woodlands in the vicinity of Olive forest. Although the adults of this species are apparently healthy, there are relatively few young individuals. This unstable age distribution may be of importance later, when the older individuals begin to die.

The distributions of these ten species largely determine the limits of the vegetation types of Ol Ari Nyiro ranch.

## **Vegetation Types**

Taiti (1992) has produced a valuable vegetation map of Laikipia District, at a scale of 1:500,000 (also available at 1:125,000). At this scale, he recognizes six broad vegetation communities on Ol Ari Nyiro and their dominant plant species: grassland (*Themeda triandra*, *Pennisetum mezianum*), leafy bushland and thicket (*Carissa edulis, Rhus natalensis*, *Euclea divinorum*), leafy bushland (*Tarconanthus camphoratus, Rhus natalensis*), bare rock (actually rocky areas with less vegetation cover), and small areas of upland/riverine forest (*Juniperus procera, Podocarpus, Olea europea, Acacia xanthophloea*) and cropland.

Mapping onto original topographic maps at a scale of 1:50,000, we were able to delineate finer plant community distinctions. The accompanying vegetation map (fig. 7) delineates 16 key plant associations that may be considered 'types', with the qualifications mentioned at the beginning of this report. These are arranged generally from wetter to drier, and to a lesser degree from south to north.

#### 1. Fever Tree riverine woodland

Open woodland along  $\pm$  permanent streams, found at the eastern and western ends of the gorge, where the valley bottoms are wider and the soil deeper. Characterized by *Acacia xanthophloea* trees, usually grassy beneath. Canopy cover 25-75%. Canopy height 10-25 m.

## 2. Deep gorge riverine vegetation

A tall rich vegetation type in the bottom of the gorge, in the central, very narrow section. It is composed mostly of riparian trees such as *Phoenix reclinata*, *Bridelia micrantha*, *Strychnos* spp, *Trichocladus ellipticus*, *Garcinia livingstonei*, *Oncoba spinosa*, *Ficus glumosa* and *Albizia grandbracteata*. Smaller woody species include *Grewia trichocarpa*, *Combretum apiculatum*, and *Teclea nobilis*. Disturbances in the lower part of the gorge have left relic forest patches with grassy glades in between. In less disturbed areas especially in the upper and middle parts of the gorge, the forest is relatively dense, with minimal herbaceous growth. Canopy cover 50-100%. Canopy height 10-25 m.

## 3. Croton drainage woodland

A tall woodland/forest found along drainages higher and drier that Fever Tree woodland. Characterized by *Croton megalocarpus* and *C. machrostachys*, sometimes with *Olea europea* and *Euphorbia candelabrum*. Canopy cover 75-100%. Canopy height 15-25 m.

#### 4. Olive forest

A dry upland forest dominated by *Olea europea*, *Acacia abyssinica*, and *Croton* spp (*Juniperus procera* in Ngelesha) in the canopy, with *Trichocladus ellipticus* and *Rhus* spp in the understorey. Canopy cover 100% or nearly so. Canopy height 10-20 m.

#### 5. Olive thicket

A dense vegetation shorter and drier than Olive forest. Found on hills and along seeps and dry drainages. Characterized by *Olea europea, Rhus* spp, *Apodytes dimidiata*, and *Jasminum* spp. Often penetrated by Leleshwa, Euclea, and Carissa (Type 12). Canopy cover 50-100%. Canopy height 3-10 m.

## 6. Acacia abyssinica woodland

A tall but often sparse woodland characterized by Acacia abyssinica trees. Rhus, Lippia, Lantana, and Vernonia occur in the understorey. Canopy cover 25-50(-100)%. Canopy height 10-20 m.

## 7. Mixed bushland (Euclea-Rhus-Acacia-Olea-Carissa-Croton)

A rich bushland composed of a variable mixture of Euclea divinorum, Rhus vulgaris, Acacia gerrardii, Olea europea, Carissa edulis, and Croton dichogamous. Canopy cover variable. Canopy height 2-4 m.

## 8. Acacia gerrardii woodland

A changing woodland characterized by *Acacia gerrardii*, usually with considerable *Euclea divinorum*, occurring on the deep, level, alluvial soils of the central ranch. Canopy cover highly variable, ranging from sites of wooded grassland to almost complete cover. Canopy height also variable. At one time mostly 4–10 m, now mostly 2–4 m.

## 9. Grassy glades

There are a number of grassy glades scattered throughout the ranch, some of them old bomas (see Young et al., 1995). There are characterized by an almost complete lack of woody cover. When they occur in leleshwa bushland, they are often ringed by a more mixed bushland (type 12).

## 9a. Cultivated land and grass leys

These areas are kept open through cultivation and a rotation that includes a grass ley stage. When in this stage, Rhodes grass (Chloris guyana) is encouraged.

## 10. Wait-a-bit scrub

A scrubland of gentle rocky slopes, and sometimes level ground. Appearing in relatively narrow bands throughout the central part of the ranch. Characterized by the presence of *Acacia brevispica*, often in close associated with *Croton dichogamous*. Canopy cover 50-75%. Canopy height 1-3 m.

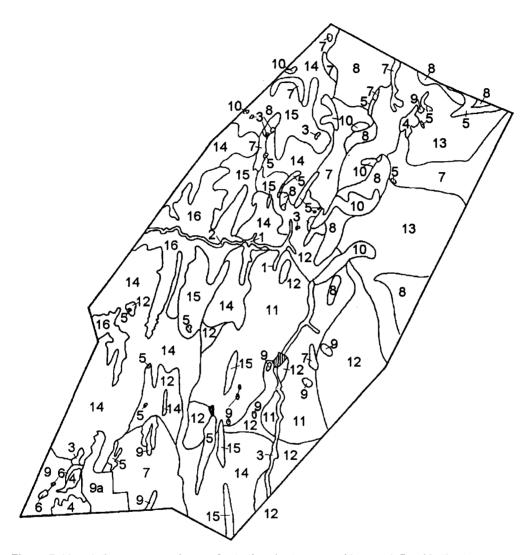


Figure 7: Vegetation map; numbers refer to the plant communities as defined in the text

#### 11. Leleshwa bushland

A dense bushland composed of nearly pure stands of *Tarconanthus camphoratus*, other components (usually *Euclea* and *Carissa*) accounting for less than 25% of the cover. Canopy cover high (> 75%). Canopy height 2-4 m.

## 12. Leleshwa-Euclea-Carissa bushland

A bushland intermediate between types 11 and 13, and forming a broad band between them. At some sites, Carissa is rare or nearly absent.

#### 13. Euclea-Carissa bushland

A bushland dominated by a mixture of *Euclea divinorum* and *Carissa edulis*, usually in that order. Canopy cover is highly variable, lower in areas of past burning. Canopy height usually 1-2 m.

## 14. Combretum-(Leleshwa)-Euclea-Carissa wooded bushland

A bushland with emergent Combretum trees. The composition of this bushland varies in two ways. First, leleshwa is common south of the Mukutan, but only penetrates a few kilometres north of the main gorge, whereas *Euclea* and *Carissa* occur throughout. Second, the openness of the vegetation varies from none to very open, where it abuts type 15. This openness is probably related to burning. Canopy cover 25-100%. Canopy height 3-6 m.

## 15. Combretum wooded grassland

A grassland with scattered Combretum trees, there are occasional shrub species (particularly *Euclea* and *Carissa*), but these account for less than 25% of the cover. Canopy cover 1-25%. Canopy height 3-6 m.

## 16. Gorge slope scrub

This vegetation is restricted to the steep slopes of the Mukutan and Kutwa gorges, and their subsidiary gorges, and is comprised of closed thickets of thorny trees and shrubs with some areas of open bushland. Acacia brevispica is common. Typical plants include Euphorbia heterochroma, E. magnicapsula, Cussonia holstii, Boscia angustifolia, Sterculia stenocarpa, Commiphora habessinia, C. samharensis, Acalypha fruticosa, and Plectranthus spp. Because of its relative inaccessibility, this habitat has been little collected. A favourite rhino habitat. Canopy cover 50-100%. Canopy height 2-6(-8) m.

## Summary and suggestions for future work

On Ol Ari Nyiro ranch, there are both distinct community boundaries, and areas of gradual community change. The most striking community boundaries are these:

- Combretum wooded grassland on top of the western ridges is usually very distinct from
  the Wait-a-bit scrub on the adjacent steep slopes. This is probably due to a sudden change
  in soil and drainage from the flat tops to the steep slopes, and also to associated
  differences in herbivory and fire.
- The edge of different riverine woodlands is often very sudden. This is due to the very restricted distribution of rich, well-watered riverine soil.
- Past burning has resulted in some dramatic community boundaries, visible as distinct
  mosaics of vegetation types on the northern slopes. Examples of such boundaries can
  sometimes be seen when driving along a road that has served as a fire break, with very
  different vegetation on opposite sides of the road.

Several topics suggest themselves for future vegetation research in the Ol Ari Nyiro/Mukutan Gorge area.

## 1. Vegetation change

Detailed quantitative descriptions of community structure through time will allow accurate assessments of perceived change. Photographic records of vegetation would also be useful. What species are increasing or decreasing? How are the boundaries of vegetation types changing?

## 2. Experimental studies

Experiments should be set up to examine two major modifiers of vegetation—fire and elephants. Baseline data collected before the experimental plots are established would be compared with vegetation change inside and outside of fire breaks of elephant exclosures over a period of several years.

## 3. Population biology of key species

Vegetation change is a result of changes in the distributions of individual species. Several key species are currently undergoing major changes in their population structure and distribution—Acacia gerrardii and Olea europea are mentioned above. Acacia abyssinica shows an unbalanced age structure. Other species, such as Rhus, are undoubtedly undergoing changes that are less obvious. Detailed population studies of as many key species as possible would be of great value. What factors are affecting population structure? What projections are possible, both into the past and into the future?

The rich flora and great vegetation diversity of Ol Ari Nyiro provide unique opportunities for the study of vegetation ecology. This initial vegetation survey and map, and the plant list, can serve as useful references for such studies.

## PLANT CHECKLIST

This plant list is a compilation based on collections made between 1986 and 1991 by several individuals:

Ann Robinson	AR	15 specimens
Collin Leakey	CL	20 specimens
David Okebiro	DO	214 specimens
Joshua Muasya	JM	1223 specimens
Timothy Oloo	TO	100 specimens
Truman P. Young	TPY	268 specimens

The plant check-list presented here include 708 species and subspecies: four fungi, 11 pteridophytes, one gymnosperm, 565 dicotyledons, and 127 monocotyledons. No attempt was made to collect non-vascular plants. The species on this list represent ten percent of the estimated flora of the Republic of Kenya (Beentje, pers. comm.), making Ol Ari Nyiro one of the most diverse non-forest areas in East Africa.

This list is not exhaustive, it records probably not more than 80% of plant species occurring study area. Areas like the Mukutan Gorge and much of the western aspect of the ranch are inaccessible due to their steep slopes, though further collecting trips by Museum personnel are planned. An estimated total flora of over 800 species is not unreasonable. One new species was found: *Aloe francombei* Newton (Newton, 1994), and several specimens remained unmatched.

Identifications were confirmed at the Herbarium of National Museums of Kenya, with the help of Flora of Tropical Africa (Polhill *et al.*, 1957-continuing), Agnew and Agnew (1995), Dale and Greenway (1961), and Beentje (1994). The sequence and numbering of families is that of Hutchinson (1934). This is the sequence used in The Flora of West Tropical Africa, and in the East African Herbarium.

For each species entry, one collector's number (except for sight records—SR) is given for reference to a collection in the East African Herbarium, although more than one collection may have been made. In the list below, most of the collections by DO were made at the base of the Mukutan gorge.

## **FUNGI**

Clavaria cristata Pers.

JM 1667

Saprophyte; sporophore 2–5 cm; much branched from ground; stem low, branches divided in branchlets, colour white at first, then smoky grey; deciduous woodland.

Termitomyces robustus (Beeli) Heim

TPY SR

Cap 25 cm across, fleshy brownish towards the centre; gills white; termite mounds in bushland; common after rains.

Termitomyces schimperi (Pat.) Heim (= T. magoyensis)

JM SR

Cap 22 cm across, fleshy, centre raised, brownish; gills white; termite mounds in bushland, common after rains.

Termitomyces sp.

**TPY 2106** 

No data.

#### **PTERIDOPHYTA**

#### Adiantaceae

Actinopteris semiflabellata Pic.Ser.

TPY SR

Terrestrial herb, riverine

Adiantum poiretii Wikstr. (= A. thalictroides Schlechtend)

JM 1827

Terrestrial herb; common.

Cheilanthes multifida (Swartz) Swartz

JM 1828

Terrestrial herb; dry forest river banks; common.

Pellaea adiantoides (Willd.) J. Sm.

JM 1626

Terrestial herb; fronds up to 50 cm long; segments 1–2 cm; dry rocky places; common.

Pellaea longipilosa Bonap.

DO 518

Terrestrial herb; fronds up to 30 cm; rocky crevices; common.

#### Aspleniaceae

Asplenium aethiopicum (Burm. f.) Burcherer

JM 1833

Terrestrial herb; rhizome erect; fronds tufted, very variable; dry moist forest; common.

Asplenium ?stuhlmannii Hieron

Terrestrial herb; fronds shortly spaced on long creeping rhizome, erect; rock crevices in grassland; common.

Doryopteris kirkii (Hook.) Alston (= D. concolor (Langsd. & Fisch) Kuhn)

**TPY 2303** 

Terrestrial attractive herb; fronds tufted to 30 cm long; dry forest; common.

Pyrrosia schimperiana (Mett.) Alston

**TPY 2306** 

Terrestrial herb; fronds pendent, flaccid, whitish brown beneath; riverine forest; common.

#### Marsiliaceae

Marsilea gibba A. Br.

**TPY 2125** 

Aquatic or terrestrial herb; pinna of terrestrial plants clover-loke, usually with crenate margins; seasonal pools and roadside ditches; common.

## Thelypteridaceae

Arthropteris orientalis (Gmel.) Posth.

JM 1831

Terrestrial herb; fronds 25-40 cm; shady forest; common

## **GYMNOSPERMAE**

## Cupressaceae

Juniperus procera Hochst ex Engl.

JM 1935

Evergreen tree to 40 m; occasional.

## ANGIOSPERMAE DICOTYLEDONS

#### 8 Annonaceae

Uvaria scheffleri Diels

DO 579

Shrub or small tree; leaves glabrous, dark green; forest edges and rocky slopes; occasional.

#### 15 Ranunculaceae

Clematis brachiata Thunb. (C. hirsuta)

JM 1555

Climber; leaves with 5-7 suborbicular to ovate leaflets; bushed grassland; occasional.

Delphinium macrocentron Oliv.

TPY 2334

Erect herb; leaves deeply dissected, orbicular; flowers blue to metallic green; rocky grassland; occasional.

## 23 Menispermaceae

Chasmanthera dependens Hochst.

DO 595

Woody tomentose climber; stems almost succulent; Combretum woodland; occasional.

## 28 Piperaceae

Peperomia abyssinica Miq.

DO 561

Herb; trailing at base; stems ascending; fruit asymmetric; forest; common.

Peperomia rotundifolia (L.) H.B.K. (= P. blanda)

DO 546

Succulent herb; leaves orbicular; epiphyte on tree trunks; forest; occasional.

#### 36 Capparaceae

Boscia angustifolia A. Rich.

DO 497

Small spreading tree to 10 m; leaves coriaceous; fruits globose; stream banks; occasional.

\*\*Boscia salicifolia\*\* Oliv.\*\*

JM 1619

Tree to 14 m; twigs drooping; leaves very acute at apex; river banks, woodlands; occasional. Capparis tomentosa Lam. DO 507

Armed shrub or woody vine to 10 m; leaves elliptic; flowers white; bushland; occasional.

Cleome monophylla L.

JM 1443

Annual herb to 1 m; stems with glandular hairs; flowers pink or mauve; grassland; weed of cultivation and wasteland; common.

Cleome usambarica Pax

JM 1841

Annual herb to 1 m; leaves 3-5 foliolate; flowers pink; stream sides; occasional.

Crateva adansonii DC.

DO 455

Small deciduous tree or shrub; 6-15 m; unarmed; flowers white or yellow; scattered tree grassland; occasional.

Gynandropsis gynandra (L.) Briq.

JM 1738

Annual herb to 1 m; stems glandular; leaves 3-7 foliolate; disturbed ground; common.

Maerua angolensis DC.

DO 490

Shrub or small tree to 10 m; fruits cylindrical; bushland; occasional.

Maerua decumbens (Borngn.) De Wolf (= M. edulis (Gilg. & Bened.) De Wolf)

Spreading shrub or bushy woody herb; leaves prominently 3-5 nerved; bushland; occasional.

Maerua triphylla A. Rich.

JM 1352

Shrub or small tree, 5-7.5 m; leaves 1-3 foliolate; flowers white or greenish; bushland, common.

#### 39 Cruciferae

Erucastrum arabicum Fisch. & Mey.

JM 1739

Pubescent annual; leaves pinnatifid, oblanceolate; flowers yellow; common weed.

#### 41 Resedaceae

Caylusea abyssinica (Fresen.) Fisch. & Mey.

JM 1505

Erect or ascending herb; 15-100 cm; bushland; occasional.

## 42 Polygalaceae

Polygala sadebeckiana Guerke

JM 1797

Perennial herb or shrub; leaves elliptic to oblong; wooded grassland; occasional.

Polygala sphenoptera Fresen.

JM 1442

Perennial or annual shrubby herb; leaves linear, oblong or elliptic; flowers purple or pinkish white; dry bushland, common.

#### 45 Crassulaceae

Crassula alsinoides (Hook. f.) Engl.

JM 2060

Creeping mat-forming perennial herb; stem 4-angled; wet rocky slopes; common.

Crassula sp A of Agnew & Agnew

**TPY 2130** 

Trailing herb; leaves linear; flowers pink to white; pools; occasional.

Crassula nodulosa Schoenl

JM 1638

Perennial herb with ovate-lanceolate rosette leaves; stony grassland; rare.

Crassula schimperi Fisch. & Mey. (Crassula pentandra (Edgeworth) Schoenl.) TPY 2180 Perennial softly woody herb, trailing at base; flowers pinkish white; stony grassland; occasional.

Crassula volkensii Engl.

JM 1741

Perennial soft shrub or herb; leaves spathulate to elliptic, often marked; flowers white; stony bushland; common.

Kalanchoe citrina Schweinf.

DO 531

Erect pubescent weak perennial; leaves deeply dentate; stony slopes; occasional.

Kalanchoe glaucescens Britten

DO 559

Glabrous perennial; flowers orange yellow to yellow; stony bushland; common.

Kalanchoe lanceolata (Forsk.) Pers.

DO 613

Erect glandular-pubescent annual; flowers yellow to orange-red in a dense corymb; dry bushland; occasional.

Kalanchoe prittwitzii Engl. (= K. lugardii)

JM 2059

Erect glabrous herb; leaves peltate or auriculate; rocky bushland; uncommon.

## 53 Caryophyllaceae

Pollichia campestris Ait.

JM 1469

Straggling shrub or woody perennial; leaves whorled, elliptic to lanceolate; disturbed grassland; common.

Silene burchellii D.C.

JM 1889

Perennial herb; leaves linear acute; flowers pink, cream or purple; grassland; common.

#### 54 Aizoaceae

Glinus lotoides L.

JM 1893

Prostrate stellate pubescent annual; leaves spathulate or elliptic; sandy grassland; occasional.

Mollugo nudicaulis Lam.

**TPY 2243** 

Glabrous annual; leaves a rosette, spathulate; flowers pink or red; grassland; uncommon.

Tetragonia acanthocarpus Adamson

JM 1780

Semi-succulent papillose annual herb; flowers greenish to pink; common weed.

Zaleya pentandra (L.) Jeffrey

JM 1470

Sub-succulent annual; flowers subsessile at the nodes, crowded, pinkish; sandy soil; occasional.

#### 56 Portulacaceae

Portulaca foliosa Ker-Gawl.

JM 1582

Annual or robust perennial herb or low shrub; leaves subterete; flowers yellow or orange; stony dry grassland; common.

Portulaca quadrifida L.

Prostrate annual herb; stems rooting at nodes; disturbed ground; occasional.

## 57 Polygonaceae

Oxygonum sinuatum (Meisn.) Dammer

DO 594

Glabrous annual herb; fruits nasty prickly; flowers pink; disturbed ground; common weed.

Oxygonum stuhlmannii Dammer

JM 2140

Perennial creeper; flowers white; leaves sheathing at base; grassland on stony soils; occasional.

Polygonum senegalense Meisn.

JM 1944

Softly perennial shrub; stems with stipular sheaths; riversides; common.

## 59 Phytolaccaceae

Phytolacca dodecandra L'Herit

JM 1773

Climbing scrambling or erect shrub; leaves ovate-elliptic; flowers yellowish; bushland; occasional.

Phytolacca octandra L.

JM 1999

Shrub with lanceloate-elliptic leaves; flowers yellowish; waste places; uncommon.

## 61 Chenopodiaceae (all species introduced)

Chenopodium album L.

JM 1396

Annual herb; leaves rhombic to lanceolate; weed of cultivation.

Chenopodium ambrosioides L.

JM 1726

Strongly aromatic annual herb; flowers small, sessile; weed of cultivation and disturbed ground; common.

Chenopodium murale L.

JM 1507

Annual herb; leaves variable, usually rhombi-ovate, toothed; weed of cultivation; disturbed ground; common.

Chenopodium opulifolium Koch & Ziz.

JM 1730

Annual or perennial herb; often woody below; weed of cultivation.

Chenopodium schraderianum Schult.

JM 1415

Erect glandular pubescent annual herb; leaves elliptic to oblong, pinnatifid; waste places and settlements; common.

#### 63 Amaranthaceae

Achyranthes aspera L. var. sicula L.

JM 1447

Annual or perennial herb or low shrub; flowers less than 5 mm long, spicate; forest edges; common.

Achyranthes aspera L. var. pubescens (Maq.) Townsend

JM 1758

Similar to A. aspera var. sicula but flowers more than 5 mm long.

Aerva lanata (L.) Schultes

JM 1659

Erect or trailing herb; flowers crowded, axillary, woolly; common weed.

Alternanthera pungens Kunth

DO 461

Annual herb; stems prostrate, hairy; fruits spiny; bushland; common.

Alternanthera sessilis (L.) DC.

JM 1398

Low herb rooting at the nodes; stems ascending; riversides; occasional.

Amaranthus graecizans L. ssp silvestris (Vill.) Brenan

JM 1778

Erect sparsely pubescent annual; inflorescence axillary; disturbed places; common.

Amaranthus hybridus L. ssp hybridus

JM 1721

Erect glabrous annual herb; inflorescence with a 'spiny' look; leaves rhombic, cuneate; disturbed places; common.

Amaranthus hybridus L. ssp cruentus (L.) Thell.

JM 1512

Similar to A. hybrides ssp hybrides but inflorescence without a spiny look.

Cyathula orthacantha (Asch.) Schinz

DO 453

Annual herb; inflorescence pendunculate; cymes sessile; leaves ovate-elliptic or orbicular; disturbed ground; uncommon.

Digera muricata (L.) Mart. var. macroptera C.C. Townsend

DO 504

Erect annual, often very tall, unbranched below; leaves linear to lanceolate; grassland; common.

Psilotrichum elliotii Baker

JM 1392

Perennial shrub or scrambler; leaves ovate to orbicular; flowers green; open bushland; common.

## 64 Basellaceae

Basella alba L.

JM 1862

Glabrous herb; leaves ovate, slightly fleshy; flowers white; riverine forest; common.

#### 65 Linaceae

Linum volkensii Engl.

Erect annual herb; leaves alternate, linear-lanceolate; flowers yellow; marshes; occasional.

## 66 Zygophyllaceae

Tribulus terrestris L.

TPY SR

Prostrate herb; fruits spiny; sandy soils and roadsides; common.

#### 67 Geraniaceae

Geranium ocellatum Cambess

JM 1662

Diffusely branched annual herb with spreading hairs; leaves palmatisect; shade; forest edges; common.

Monsonia angustifolia A. Rich.

JM 1781

Annual erect herb; flowers 2-3 per penduncle; leaves narrowly oblong; grassland; occasional.

Monsonia longipes R. Kunth.

JM 1691

Perennial herb; leaves mostly opposite and hastate; grassland; occasional.

Pelargonium alchemilloides (L.) Ait.

JM 1580

Perennial herb; rootstock slightly tuberous; leaves orbicular, 5-7-lobed; hill slopes; common.

#### 69 Oxalidaceae

Biophytum abyssinicum A. Rich.

**TPY 2155** 

Annual herb; leaves in a rosette, sensitive, pinnate; disturbed sandy grassland; occasional.

Biophytum petersianum Klotsch

JM 1606

Similar to B. abyssinicum except for the stiffer leaflets; grassland; occasional.

Oxalis corniculata L. (= Oxalis radicosa A. Rich.)

JM 1538

Annual or perennial much branched herb; leaves trifoliate; flowers yellow; forest clearings and disturbed ground; common.

Oxalis obliquifolia A. Rich.

JM 1811

Bulbous herb, rhizome vertical bearing a basal bulb and apical rosette of leaves, flowers pink or purple; shallow soils and grassland; occasional.

## 72 Lythraceae

Nesaea erecta G. & P.

**TPY 2360** 

Glabrous annual herb; leaves narrowly elliptic to oblanceolate; flowers lilac or magenta; wet shallow soils; common.

Nesaea kilimandscharica Koehne

JM 1882

Perennial herb; leaves lanceolate; flowers terminal; grassland; uncommon.

#### 76 Oliniaceae

Olinia rochetiana A. Juss. (O. usambarensis)

JM 1956

Shrub, small or large forest tree to 30 m; bark flakes yellowish; leaves opposite, reddish when young; dry forest; occasional.

## 81 Thymelaceae

Gnidia subcordata Meisn. (= Englerodaphne subcordata (Meisn.) Engl.)

JM 1390

Much branched shrub to 3.5 m; leaves opposite; flowers white; bushland; occasional.

## 83 Nyctaginaceae

Commicarpus plumbagineus (Cav.) Stand

DO 506

Shortly pubescent trailing herb; flowers white; glands stalked on the fruit; bushed grassland; common.

#### 84 Proteaceae

Faurea rochetiana (A. Rich.) Pic. Ser. (= F. speciosa)

JM 1904

Tree to 11 m; bark deep grey and fissured; wet scattered tree grassland; common.

Protea gaguedi J.F. Gmel.

JM 1984

Shrub or tree to 5 m; branchlets pilose when young; flower heads up to 10 cm diameter, infertile; stony soil; occasional.

## 88 Pittosporaceae

Pittosporum vividiflorum Sims

JM 1552

Tree to 20 m; leaves glabrous, oblanceolate or elliptic to  $10 \times 2.5$  cm; flowers creamy, white; forest; occasional.

#### 93 Flacourtiaceae

Oncoba spinosa Forssk.

DO 521

Small tree to 7 m; spines straight, axillary to 7.5 cm; forest; occasional.

Rawsonia lucida Harv. & Sond.

JM 1843

Small tree to 13 m; leaf margin serrate and spinulose; forest; common.

Trimeria grandifolia (Hochst.) Warb. ssp. tropica (Burkill) Sleumer

JM 1496

Shrub; leaves ovate, elliptic or obovate to 7.5 x 6 cm; fruit 3-valved capsule; bushland; common.

## 95 Canellaceae

Warburgia ugandensis Sprague

JM 1914

Forest tree to 50 m; leaves simple, entire, pellucid-punctate, ovate to oblanceolate; flowers green; dry evergreen forest; occasional at Ngelesha forest.

## 101 Passifloraceae

Adenia sp.

TPY SR

Climber with tendrils; bushland; uncommon.

## 103 Cucurbitaceae

Coccinea grandis (L.) Voigt

DO 595

Perennial; rootstock tuberous; stem corky; leaves reniform; bushland; uncommon.

Corallocarpus epigaeus (Rottl.) C.B.Cl.

JM 2200

Climber; leaves palmatifid; bushland; uncommon.

Cucumis aculeatus Cogn.

JM 1347

Perennial herb; stem with spiny yellow hooked hairs; fruits green, yellow when ripe, tuberculate; grassland; common.

Cucumis ficifolius A. Rich.

JM 1727

Perennial usually prostrate herb; leaves very rough, hairy above and below, palmately 3–5-lobed; grassland; occasional

Gerrardanthus lobatus (Cogn.) C. Jeffrey

DO 612

Perennial climber; rootstock swollen and succulent; rocky places; occasional.

Kedrostis leloja (Forsk.) C. Jeffrey (K. hirtella (Naud.) Cogn.)

JM 1599

Perennial climber, tendrils bifid; leaves palmatifid; bushland; occasional.

Lagenaria siceraria (Molina) Standley

JM 2006

Climbing herb; tendrils bifid; leaves with glands at the base of lamina; bushland; occasional. Oreosyce africana Hook.f. JM1607

Perennial climber; leaves pentagonal or shallowly lobed; forest; common.

Trochomeria macrocarpa (Sond.) Hook.f.

JM 2220

Climber or trailing herb from a woody rootstock; leaves  $\pm$  orbicular, palmatifid; grassland; common.

#### 107 Cactaceae

Opuntia cochenillifera (L.) Mill. (= O. vulgaris L.?) (exotic)

JM 1718

Spiny succulent shrub to 4 m; trunks cylindrical, jointed, to 20 cm broad; fruits red; bushland; occasional.

Opuntia exaltata A. Berger (exotic)

JM SR

Shrub, very spiny; used as a living fence.

#### 114 Ochnaceae

Ochna holstii Engl.

JM 1939

Tree to 30 m; trunk to 30 cm diameter; flowers yellow; leaves with closely serrulate margin and acute apices; forest; common.

Ochna inermis (Forssk.) Schweinf.

DO 486

Shrub; leaves small, broadly elliptic to rotund to 2.5 cm; forest; common.

Ochna insculpta Sleumer

JM 1404

Shrub or small tree to 10 m; leaves acuminate to acute; forest; common.

Ochna ovata F. Hoffm.

TO

Glabrous shrub or small tree; leaf venation closely reticulate and prominent above in age; dry forest edges/bushland; occasional.

## 118 Myrtaceae

Syzygium cordatum Krauss

JM 1980

Shrub or tree, 4–10 m; sometimes to 17m; leaves leathery; flowers white; fruit reddish purple; near water; occasional.

Syzygium guineense (Willd.) D.C.

JM 1483

Tree 6-12 m, sometimes to 30 m; leaves glandular punctate; flowers white, sessile; riparian forest; common.

Syzygium cordatum x S. guineense (hybrid)

TPY SR

Characters intermediate between the two species.

#### 121 Combretaceae

Combretum apiculatum Sond.

JM 1964

Shrub to 3 m; leaves opposite, shortly petiolate, apex reflexed, apiculate; stony hill slopes; common.

Combretum molle G. Don

JM 1431

Tree to 14 m; young twigs rusty tomentose; leaves velvety tomentose; flowers yellow; stony soil; common.

Terminalia brownii Fresen.

JM 1553

Tree often growing on stony outcrops; fruits winged, purplish red; occasional.

123 Hypericaceae

Hypericum annulatum Moris

JM 1661

Perennial herb; bracts glandular hairy; stony grassland; occasional.

Hypericum sp. nr. annulatum Moris

JM 1634

Perennial herb; leaves opposite; grassland; uncommon.

126 Guttiferae

Garcinia livingstonei T. Anders.

JM 1867

Shrub or tree to 30 m; leaves and branchlets usually in whorls of three; riparian forest; uncommon.

128 Tiliaceae

Corchorus trilocularis L.

DO 189

Herbaceous or woody annual; wet areas; occasional.

Grewia bicolor A. Juss.

JM 1622

Much branched shrub or tree to 10 m; leaves asymmetrical, margin serrulate; flowers yellow; bushed grassland; common.

Grewia sp. nr. mollis A. Juss.

TO

Shrub to 3 m; bark black, fissured; bushland; uncommon.

Grewia similis K. Schum.

JM 1395

Shrub to 2 m; young shoots and inflorescence bristly pubescent; dry scrub; occasional.

Grewia tembensis Fresen. var. kakothamnos (K. Shum.) Burret

DO 628

Shrub; leaf margin dentate serrulate; flowers white with a purplish tinge; dry bushland; common.

Grewia trichocarpa A. Rich.

DO 21

Shrub or tree to 7 m; leaves thin, papery; bushed grassland; occasional.

Triumfetta flavescens A. Rich.

DO 496

Shrub; branches covered by black dots; bushland; common.

Triumfetta rhomboidea Jacq.

Herb or undershrub; leaves ovate to ovate-lanceolate, often 3-lobed; grassland; common.

Triumfetta sp.

TPY 2153

Herb; grassland.

130 Sterculiaceae

Dombeva burgessiae Gerrard

JM 1506

Forest undershrub or small tree; leaves denticulate, cordate; flowers white or pink; dry upland forest; common.

Dombeya rotundifolia (Hochst.) Planch.

TPY SR

Shrub or tree usually 2-5 m, sometimes 7 m; leaves coriaceous; grassland; occasional.

Dombeya torrida (J.F. Geml.) P. Bamps ssp torrida (= D. faucicola K. Schum.)

Shrub to 4 m; leaves shortly acuminate; bushed grassland; occasional.

Melhania sp. nov.?

JM SR

Woody herb; leaves hairy; woodlands; rare.

Melhania ovata (Cav.) Spreng

JM 1474

Woody herb or low shrub; flowers axillary, 1-3, sulphur yellow; grassland; common.

Melhania velutina Forssk. JM 1438 Rusty tomentose erect woody annual or loose perennial herb; flowers axillary, 1-4, yellow; grassland; common. Sterculia stenocarpa H. Winkler DO 495 Tree to 7 m; mature follicles subcylindric-fusiform, curved, tomentose inside; bushland; occasional. Waltheria indica L. JM 1394 Woody annual herb; stellate pubescent; flowers yellow; disturbed ground; occasional. 132 Malvaceae Abutilon holstii JM 1681 Shrub; leaves velvety tomentose, broadly elliptic, acuminate; flowers yellow to orange; open woodland; occasional. Abutilon mauritianum (Jacq.) Medic. JM 2177 Woody shrub; flowers solitary, yellow gold; woodland edges; common. Azanza garckeana (F. Hoffm.) Excell & Hillcoat JM 1524 Shrub or small tree; leaves shallowly lobed; bushland; occasional. Hibiscus aethiopicus L. JM 1560 Low herb; flowers bright yellow; hard clay grassland; occasional. Hibiscus aponeurus Sprague & Hutch. JM 1383 Perennial woody herb; flowers crimson; grassland; occasional. Hibiscus articulatus Hochst. DO 558 Perennial herb; flowers axillary, yellow; burnt grassland; rare. Hibiscus calyphyllus Cav. JM 1545 Shrub; flowers yellow with maroon centre; woodland; common. Hibiscus cannabinus L. JM 1887 Annual with small spines on stems; grassland; occasional. Hibiscus diversifolius Jacq. **TPY 2311** Shrub; flowers yellow; grassland; occasional. Hibiscus fuscus Garcke JM 1894 Woody herb or shrub with black-brown stellate hairs; disturbed ground; common. Hibiscus lobatus (Murr.) Kuntze DO 588 Annual; 45 cm; flowers white; leaves variable, serrate, entire to deeply 3 lobed; Combretum bushland; occasional. Hibiscus lunariifolius Willd. TO Perennial shrub; flowers white, becoming pink; grassland; occasional. JM 1666 Hibiscus trionum L. Annual herb; flowers yellow; disturbed grassland; occasional. Hibiscus vitifolius L. JM 1432 Shrub with spreading branches, glandular; edges of forest; common. Malva verticillata L. JM 1465 Annual; leaves circular; weed of wastelands; common. Pavonia elegans Boiss. JM 1543 Shrub; flowers yellow turning pink; Combretum woodland; common. Pavonia patens (Andr.) Chiov. JM 1400 Shrub; stellate pubescent; flowers yellow; forest margin; common. JM 2184 Sida ovata Forssk. Shrubby perennial, densely pubescent; grassland; common.

JM 1823

Sida rhombifolia L.

Perennial; flowers yellow; disturbed ground; occasional.

Sida schimperiana Hochst. ex A. Rich. (= S. cuneifolia)

Spreading low shrub; flowers yellow; grassland; common.

Sida tenuicarpa Vollesen (= S. cuneifolia)

Much branched low woody shrub to 30 cm; flowers yellow; leaves cuneate; bushed grassland; common.

#### 133 Malpighiaceae

Caucanthus auriculatus (Radlk.) Nied.

Climbing and twining shrub; bushland, evergreen forest, woodland; common.

## 136 Euphorbiaceae

Acalypha fruticosa Forssk. var. fruticosa

Much branched shrub or small tree; stems brown; rocky riverbanks; occasional.

Acalypha racemosa Baill.

Perennial herb or subshrub, 0.5–3 m; riverine; occasional.

Acalypha volkensii Pax

Prostrate or ascending woody herb or subshrub; forest; occasional.

Bridelia micrantha (Hochst.) Baill.

Shrub or much branched tree; branches pendulous; riverine forest; common.

Clutia abyssinica Jaub. & Sprach JM 1527

Woody herb shrub or small tree; leaves turn orange with age; forest edges; common.

Croton dichogamus Pax

JM 1445

Shrub or small tree; young twigs densely silvery or brown lepidote; bushland; occasional.

Croton macrostachyus Del.

JM 1925

Shrub or spreading tree to 25 m; secondary forest and rivers; occasional.

Croton megalocarpus Hutch. JM 1368

Tree to 35 m; leaves pale beneath; evergreen forest; occasional.

Drypetes gerrardii Hutch. var. gerrardii DO SR

Shrub or tree to 20 m; bark grey, granulated; flowers yellow; forest, riverine; occasional.

Erythrococca bongensis Pax

JM 1819

Shrub or small tree to 6 m; forest edges; riverine; common.

Erythrococca fischeri Pax TPY 2161

Much branched shrub or small tree 2-3 m tall; forest edges; common.

Euphorbia brevicornu Pax (= E. repetita A. Rich.)

Perennial or annual herb to 2 m; leaves densely crowded and leaving prominent scars;

sessile; open forest in shade; occasional.

Euphorbia candelabrum Kotschy

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JM SR

Tree to 17 m with crowded mass of candelabra-like branches; woodland, rocky hill slopes; occasional.

Euphorbia crotonoides Boiss.

Succulent herb to 5–100 cm; stems woody below, upper part of stem longitudinally ridged;

latex producing; disturbed soils; occasional.

Euphorbia cyparissoides Pax

JM 1936

Perennial herb; rootstock woody, 1–2 cm thick; leaves sessile, linear–lanceolate; grassland/open woodland; occasional.

Euphorbia gossypina Pax

JM 1719

Succulent spineless bush; stems slender, yellow-green, in masses; flowers yellow-green; dry bushland; occasional.

Euphorbia heterochroma Pax ssp. tsavoensis S. Carter

JM 1637

Succulent shrub 2 m; stems root where they touch the ground; branches 4-angled; spiny; stony soils; occasional.

Euphorbia heterospina S. Carter ssp baringoensis S. Carter

DO 487

Succulent shrub to 3.5 m; branches 4–5-angled, 1–2 cm thick; sandy stony soils; occasional.

Euphorbia inaequilatera Sond. var. inaequilatera

JM 14

Much branched prostrate herb; leaf bases obliquely rounded, margin serrate; open patches amongst grasses; common.

Euphorbia magnicapsula S. Carter var. lacertosa S. Carter

DO 662

Tree 3-6 m tall; rarely branched; bark marked with pit scars; rocky slopes; occasional.

Euphorbia nyikae Pax

TPY SR

Tree to 7 m; trunk marked by 4-6 vertical rows of spines; branches 2-5 angled; woodland; rare.

Euphorbia schimperiana Scheele

JM 1652

Herb to 2 m; stem or whole plant sometimes tinged reddish purple; leaves sessile; forest edges; occasional.

Margaritaria discoidea (Baill.) Webster

JM 1528

Tree to 25 m; bark thickly covered with lenticels; flowers greenish; fruits lobed; forest edges; occasional.

Micrococca mercurialis (L.) Benth.

DO 637

Annual herb to 60 cm; leaves crenate, membranaceous; lateral nerves 4-7 pairs; open places in woodland; occasional.

Monadenium schubei (Pax) N.E. Br.

JM SR

Succulent perennial herb to 90 cm with cylindric-conical tubercles bearing leaves; rocky grassland; occasional.

Phyllanthus fischeri Pax

TO

Annual or perennial herb or many stemmed subshrub to 3m when supported; stems reddish brown tinges; forest, riverine; occasional.

Phyllanthus maderaspatensis L.

JM 1508

Woody perennial herb; stems reddish; wooded grassland; occasional.

Phyllanthus nummulariifolius Poir.

JM 2161

Semi-proatrate, decumbent of erect woody herb or shrub to 4.5 m, commonly uch less; leave suborbicular—obovate; flowers cream or whitish, fruits depressed, trilobate—subglobose; wooded grassland; common.

Phyllanthus reticulatus Poir.

JM 2125

Shrub or small tree; leaves alternate; branchlets usually from short stem extensions; flowers green; fruits axillary, green to brown, bluish when ripe; river banks; occasional.

Phyllanthus rotundifolius Willd.

JM 1641

Annual or perennial herb, 10–45 cm; stems angular; fruits 1mm long, 2mm diameter; bushed rocky grassland; common.

Phyllanthus sepialis Muell. Arg.

JM 1408

Open branched shrub to 3 m; branches somewhat angular when young; riverine; occasional. Ricinus communis L. (escape)

JM SR

Perennial, bushy tree-like; leaves long petiolated, palmately lobed; fruits with stout spine-like projections; disturbed ground, cultivated.

Synadenium pereskiifolium (Ball.) Guill. (= S.glaucescens Pax)

JM 1717

Bush or shrubby tree to 9 m; leaf base tapering to a winged petiole; sand stony soils: rare.

Tragiella natalensis (Sond.) Pax and K.

DO 522

Creeping urticating perennial herb; forest edges, forest undergrowth; occasional.

## 146 Caesalpiniaceae

Chamaecrista fallacina (Chiov.) Lock (Cassia fallacina)

**TPY 2349** 

Perennial herb or subshrub; stems prostrate; leaflets sessile; flowers yellow; grassland; rare.

Chamaecrista hildebrandtii (Vatke) Lock (Cassia hildebrandtii)

JM 1379

Perennial herb; stems prostrate or erect, densely pubescent; wooded grassland; occasional.

Chamaecrista mimosoides (L.) Greene (Cassia mimosoides)

JM 1689

Herb, prostrate to erect; leaves linear to linear-oblong; flowers yellow; forest margin; occasional.

Chamaecrista nigricans (Vahl) Greene (Cassia nigricans)

DO 605

Annual herb; petiole with sessile gland at the top; flowers yellow; grassland; occasional.

Chamaecrista usambarensis (Taubert) Standley (Cassia usambarensis)

Perennial herb forming a carpet; petals yellow, orange; grassland; occasional.

Pterolobium stellatum (Forssk.) Brenan

JM 2039

Scrambling or climbing shrub or vine 2-15 m; stems armed with reflexed prickles, paired at nodes; flowers scented; fruits scarlet samaras; riverine; occasional.

Senna didymobotrya (Fresen.) Irwin & Barneby (Cassia didymobotrya)

JM 1960

Shrub 0.5-4.5 m; leaves compound 10-30 cm; flowers bright yellow; grassland; occasional. Senna occidentalis (L.) Link (Cassia occidentalis)

Erect herb, 15-200 cm; flowers yellow; weed of cultivation; grassland; occasional.

Senna singueana (Del.) Lock (Cassia singueana)

common.

JM 1370 Shrub or small tree 1-15 m; each pair of leaflets with a gland; flowers yellow; woodland;

Tamarindus indica L.

Tree 3-24 m; crown rounded; leaflets asymmetric at base; flower buds red; pods sausagelike; wooded grassland; occasional.

#### 147 Mimosaceae

Acacia abyssinica [Hochst ex] Benth. ssp calophylla Brenan

JM 1978

Tree, flat topped, 6-15 m; bark rough, fissured; corolla reddish; wooded grassland; common.

Acacia sp. nr. binerva (Wendl.) Macbr. (exotic)

JM 2019

Unarmed tree to 7 m; leaves bipinnate, oftern modified to phyllodes; cultivated at Ngelesha.

Acacia brevispica Harms

JM 1362

Shrub or small tree, 1-7 m; bark grey; prickles scattered, recurved; flowers white; bushland; common.

Acacia gerrardii Benth. var. gerrardii

JM 1888

Shrub or tree, 3-15 m; crown flat, umbrella shaped; flowers white or cream; wooded grassland; common.

Acacia hockii De Wild.

TO SR

Shrub or tree 2-6 m; bark red brown to greenish peeling in papery layers; flowers bright yellow; bushland; occasional.

Acacia melanoxylon R. Br. (exotic)

JM 1963

Evergreen unarmed tree to 10 m; flowers yellow; cultivated.

Acacia mellifera (Vahl) Benth. ssp mellifera

DO 494

Shrub or small tree, 1-6 m; petiole usually glandular; flowers cream to white; dry scrub with trees; occasional.

Acacia nilotica (L.) [Wild. ex.] Del. ssp subalata (Vatke) Brenan

DO 447

Tree, 2.5-14 m; bark on trunk rough, fissured, blackish, grey-brown; flowers bright yellow; pod margins crenate; wooded grassland.

Acacia persiciflora Pax

JM 1883

Tree, 4.5–9 m; bark brownish yellow scaling off in vertical strips; wooded grassland; occasional.

Acacia seval Del. var. seval

JM 1724

Tree 3-9 m; bark or trunk powdery, white to greenish yellow or orange red; wooded grassland; occasional.

Acacia xanthophloea Benth.

JM SR

Tree 10-25 m; bark or trunk lemon-coloured to greenish yellow; riverine; common.

Albizia grandibracteata Taub.

DO SR

Tree, 6-30 m; crown rounded or flat; bark smooth or pock-marked at base; corolla pink to white; forest, riverine; occasional.

Dichrostachys cinerea (L.) Wight & Arn.

TO

Shrub or small tree 1-8 m; spines terminating short lateral spreading twigs often with leaves and flowers; bushland; occasional.

## 148 Papilionaceae

Aeschynomene abyssinica (A. Rich.) Vatke

JM 1920

Herb; leaflets 6-14 pairs; asymmetric; flowers yellow, small; bushland; occasional.

Antopetitia abyssinica A. Rich.

**TPY 2245** 

Spreading annual; pods segmented, 2-5 seeded; grassland; occasional.

Colutea abvssinica Kunth & Bouche

JM 1916

Shrub, 4m; stipules triangular; pods papery; forest margin; occasional.

Crotalaria agatiflora Schweinf. ssp. agatiflora

JM 1970

Woody bushy herb, 1 m; glabrous; flowers "bird" shaped, bright yellow; grassland; occasional.

Crotalaria agatiflora Schweinf. ssp imperialis (Taub.) Polhill

JM 1902

Woody bush herb, 2 m; pubescent; flowers "bird" shaped, yellow; grassland; occasional. Crotalaria anthyllopsis Bak. JM 1749

Annual; stem short, erect to 60 cm; leaves unifoliolate; bushland; occasional.

Crotalaria brevidens Benth. var. intermedia (Kotschy) Polhill

JM 1407

Annual or short-lived perennial, 1.5 m; leaflets 3, linear to lanceolate; grassland; occasional. Crotalaria fascicularis Polhill

Shrub or bushy perennial herb, 1.5 m; leaves crowded on short shoots; forest margin; occasional.

Crotalaria incana L.

JM 1405

Woody herb to 1.5 m; stem with long yellowish hairs; grassland; occasional.

Crotalaria keniensis Bak. f.

JM 1932

Herb, 1.5 m; racemes terminal, leaf opposed; bushland; occasional.

Crotalaria laburnifolia L.

Perennial bushy herb to 2 m; bushland; occasional.

Crotalaria lachnocarpoides Engl.

JM 1492

Perennial woody herb to 2 m; silk tomentose; grassland; occasional.

Crotalaria lachnophora A. Rich. Perennial bushy herb to 3 m; branches ribbed; bushland; occasional. Crotalaria natalitia Meissn. var. natalitia Woody herb to 2.5 m; branches ribbed; leaves crowded on short shoots; bushland; occasional. Crotalaria spinosa Benth.

JM 1809

**TPY 2342** 

JM 1962

Spreading annual to 30 cm; spiny; grassland; occasional.

Crotalaria vallicola Bak. f.

JM 1635

Bushy annual to 60 cm; racemes subsessile; bushland; occasional.

Dolichos oliveri Schweinf.

DO 627

Perennial shrub or woody herb; stems angular; leaflets 3, pale beneath; grassland;

Eriosema jurionianum Stanner & DeCraene

JM 1961

Woody herb; leaves trifoiate, nerves prominent below; flowers yellow with dark veins; grassland with scattered trees; occasional.

Eriosema nutans Schinz

JM 1761

Perennial herb, 0.2-1.5 m; branches densely covered by spreading white to ferruginous hairs: grassland; occasional.

Eriosema shirense Bak, f.

JM 1629

Herb; rootstock tuberous; leaflets 1-3(-4); grasslands; occasional.

Erythrina abyssinica Lam.

JM 1772

Tree, 2-15 m; bark yellowish brown, corky deeply fissured; spines woody; flowers when leafless; woodland; occasional.

Indigofera ambelacensis Schweinf.

JM 1675

Indigofera arrecta A. Rich.

Annual, erect or spreading; stipules linear; leaflets 5–11; grassland; occasional.

JM 1974

Woody herb, 1-2 m; stems ridged; pods slightly tetragonal; bushland; occasional.

Indigofera atriceps Hook.f. ssp. kaessneri (Bak. f.) Bak. f.

JM 2036

Erect herb to 2 m; biramous hairs brown or black except on leaflets; forest margin; occasional.

Indigofera brevicalyx Bak. f.

Perennial; branches prostrate; tap root woody; leaflets 5-13 with dark crimson processes in their axils; bushed grassland; occasional.

Indigofera circinella Bak. f.

**TPY 2167** 

Herb with stout perennial tap root; fruits spirally coiled; grassland; occasional.

Indigofera emarginella A. Rich.

JM 1972

Woody shrub; stems ribbed; stipules triangular; racemes densely blackish brown strigulose; forest margins; common.

Indigofera garkeana Vatke

JM 1534

Woody shrub to 3 m; stems 3-4 angles or winged; woodland; occasional.

Indigofera hochstetteri Bak.

JM 1788

Annual to 50 cm; stems ridged; stipules subulate; open grassland; common.

Indigofera schimperi Jaub. & Spach. var. barkeana (Vatke) Gillett

TO

Perennial herb; rootstock woody; stems with silvery indumentum; grassland; occasional. **TPY 2343** Indigofera secundiflora Poir.

Stout erect annual to 130 cm; flowers all turned to one side; wet sites; occasional.

**TPY 2187** 

Indigofera spicata Forssk. JM 1467 Prostrate or ascending herb; stems ridged, somewhat flattened; fruits reflexed; disturbed grassland; common. Indigofera swaziensis Bolus var. swaziensis JM 1926 Woody shrub to 3 m; stems ribbed; stipules triangular; forest margin; common. Indigofera tanganyikensis Bak. f. var. strigulosior Gillett JM 1363 Erect much branched shrublet to 1 m; young branches densely pubescent; stipules brownish, triangular; stony grassland; occasional. Indigofera trita Linn. f. var. subulata (Poir.) Ali JM 1950 Erect woody herb, 1–2 m; stems ridged; fruits pointed; secondary growth; occasional. Indigofera volkensii Taub. JM 1445 Herb to 40 cm; leaflets 3-7, alternate; pod rather tetragonal; scattered tree grassland; Indigofera sp. JM 2185 Woody herb 30 cm high; leaves compound; wooded grassland, occasional. Macrotyloma axillare (E. Mey.) Verdc. var. glabrum (E. Mey.) JM 2037 Perennial climbing herb to 3.5 m long; stems with sparse hairs; open forest; common. Medicago laciniata (L.) Mill. JM 1657 Spreading annual; leaflets small, toothed; seasonally waterlogged areas; common. Neonotonia (Glycine) wightii (Wight & Arn.) Lackey ssp wightii var. longicauda (Schweinf.) DO 615 Perennial climber; wood at the base to 4.5 m long; inflorescence lax; grassland; common. Ormocarpum trachycarpum (Taub.) Harms JM 1491 Shrub or small tree 1-6 m; bark soft, corky; twigs whitish; woodland; occasional. Rhynchosia elegans A. Rich. var. elegans JM & TPY 2050 Perennial climbing herb to 2.5 m long from a woody rootstock; bushland; occasional. Rhynchosia usambarensis Taub. var. usambarensis JM 2143 Perennial climbing herb to 1.8 m; stems with yellow hairs; forest edges; occasional. Stylosanthes fruticosa (Retz.) Alson JM 1632 Woody herb or subshrub, sometimes protrate, glandular; grassland; common. Tephrosia emeroides A. Rich. JM 1358 Woody erect perennial 0.5-2.5 m; flowers pink, terminal; bushland; common. Tephrosia interrupta Engl. ssp interrupta JM 1951 Woody shrub to 3 m; young stems pubescent; scrub margin; occasional. Tephrosia lurida Sond. TO Perennial; rootstock woody; stems protrate or ascending; pods ascending, slightly upcurved, bushland, occasional. Tephrosia vogelii Hook. f. JM 2024 Woody branching herb, 1-4 m; stems tomentose; forest margin; occasional. Tephrosia sp. JM 1763 Climber or twiner; stems brownish; leaves trifoliate, pale beneath; nerves reticulated beneath, prominent; wooded grassland; uncommon. Trifolium cryptopodium A. Rich. JM 1949 Perennial herb; stems creeping in their lower portions, rooting at the nodes, often forming mats, inflorescence hemispherical, corolla purple; grassland and moist forest openings;

Perennial herb with strong tap root; roots at nodes; grassland near forests; common.

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Trifolium semipilosum Fresen var. semipilosum

occasional.

Vigna frutescens A. Rich.

CL 9

Perennial prostrate or climbing herb to 1.5 m long; grassland; common.

Vigna membranacea A. Rich. ssp membranacea

Annual climbing herb; leaflets acuminate; bushland; common.

Vigna membranacea A. Rich. ssp caesia (Chiov.) Verdc.

JM & TY 2052

Perennial climbing herb; leaflets very obtuse to acute; bushland; occasional.

Vigna vexillata (L.) Verdc.

JM 1569

Perennial climbing herb to 6m long from narrow woody rootstock; grassland; common.

Zornia glochidiata D.C.

DO 604

Annual herb, erect to prostrate; leaves 2-foliolate; flowers yellow; grassland; common.

Zornia setosa Bak. f. ssp obovata (Bak. f.) J. Leon & Milne-Redh.

JM 1687

Perennial herb; stems prostrate; leaves 4-foliolate; petals yellow, pink, blood-red or mauve; grassland; common.

#### 151 Hamamelidaceae

Trichocladus ellipticus Eckl. & Zeyher ssp malosanus (Bak.) Verdc.

JM 1842

Shrub or thicket forming tree to 12 m; lower surface of leaves silver-buff; flowers yellow; montane forest; common at Ngelesha forest.

#### 165 Ulmaceae

Chaetacme aristata Planch.

DO 526

Thorny bush or spreading tree to 10 m; branchlets zig-zag, drooping; forest; occasional.

## 167 Moraceae

Dorstenia hildebrandtii Engl. var. schlechteri (Engl.) Hijman

JM 1839

Semi-succulent herb, rooting at nodes; produces latex; riverine; common.

Ficus glumosa Del.

DO 528

Tree to 10 m; leaves stiffly papery or coriaceous; rocky slopes; occasional.

Ficus ingens (Miq.) Miq.

DO SR

Tree to 10 m; bark grey; leaf base cordate; dry bushed grassland; occasional.

Ficus natalensis Hochst.

DO 529

Tree or epiphyte to 10 m, frequently with aerial roots; wet rocky slopes; occasional.

Ficus sycomorus L.

DO 449

Tree to 25 m found near streams; bark powdery, yellow-green or grey; riverine; occasional.

Ficus thonningii Blume

AR 4112

Tree to 10 m, low branched; aerial roots present; bushed grassland; occasional.

Ficus ?vasta Forssk.

JM 1849

Tree to 8 m; leaves broadly ovate, pubescent; rocky slopes; rare.

#### 169 Urticaceae

Girardinia diversfolia (Link) Friis (= G. condensata Wedd.)

DO 658

Single stemmed tall herb, 0.5 m; leaves deeply lobed; forest undergrowth; occasional. *Girardinia bullosa* Wedd.

Single stemmed tall stinging herb, 2 m; leaves sub-orbicular; marshes; occasional.

Obetia radula (Bak.) Jackson (= O. pinnatifida Baker)

DO SR

Fleshy stemmed shrub or tree to 8 m with the habit of pawpaw; riverine forest; occasional.

#### 173 Celastraceae

Hippocratea sp.

DO 569

Woody liane; riverine forest; uncommon.

Maytenus arbutifolia (Hochst. ex A. Rich.) Wilczek

JM 1434

Armed shrub, 3 m; much branched; fruits trigonous; near rivers and streams; common.

Maytenus senegalensis (Lam.) Excell

JM 1436

Shrub or tree to 8 m; branchlets armed or unarmed; spines bear leaves and flowers; grassland; common.

Mystroxylon (Cassine) aethiopicum (Thunb.) Loes.

JM 1401

Bush or tree to 17 m; slash blood-red; leaves serrate-dentate to entire; riparian; occasional.

#### 179 Icacinaceae

Apodytes dimidiata Arn. var. acutifolia A. Rich.

JM 1369

Tree to 23 m; bark smooth, grey-white; flowers small, white; forest edges; common.

## 182 Olacaceae

Ximenia americana L. var. caffra

JM 1737

Shrub or tree to 7 m; bark dark brown to black; slash crimson; spines straight; bushed grassland; occasional.

## 183 Opiliaceae

Opilia amentacea Roxb.

DO 523

Liana; flower spikes yellow-green; stem corky; riparian; occasional.

#### 185 Loranthaceae

Phragmanthera usuiensis (Oliv.) M. Gilbert (P. rufescens)
Parasitic stellate tomentose plant; bushland; occasional.

JM 1942

185/A Viscaceae

Viscum tuberculatum A. Rich.

JM 1565

Parasitic; leaves yellowish; dry woodland; common.

## 186 Santalaceae

Osyridicarpos schimperianus (A. Rich.) D.C.

JM 1541

Straggling undershrub; stems ridged; leaves elliptic to lanceolate; bushland; occasional.

Osyris lanceoloata Hochst. & Steudel (O. abyssinica)

JM 1488

Shrub or small tree; flowers small, yellow-green or green; fruit a bright red drupe; grassland; occasional.

Thesium sp A of Agnew & Agnew

JM 1715

Herb; leaves flat, subulate; flowers pedicellate; upland grassland; occasional.

## 190 Rhamnaceae

Helinus integrifolius (Lam.) Kuntze

DO 478

Perennial climbing shrub; leaf base subcordate; fruit glabrous; bushland; occasional.

Helinus mystacinus (Ait.) Steud.

**TPY 2252** 

Similar to *H. integrifolius* except fruits hairy and leaves ovate.

Rhamnus staddo A. Rich.

JM 1428

Shrub or tree to 7 m; branches spine tipped; leaves lanceolate to ovate-oblong, base attenuate; forest; common.

Scutia myrtina (Burm. f.) Kurz

JM 1477

Spiny shrub or tree to 5 m, sometimes to 10 m; prickles recurved; grassland; common.

Ziziphus mucronata Willd.

JM 13:

Spiny tree or shrub to 10 m; branchlets zig-zag, brown or dark brown; bushland and riparian thicket; occasional.

#### 193 Vitaceae

Cayratia gracilis (Guill. & Perr.) Suesseng.

DO 510

Climber with tendrils; leaves pedately 5-foliolate; wet forest; uncommon.

Cissus oliveri (Engl.) Gilg.

JM 1861

Perennial climber; stem quadrangular with corky wings when old; leaves long-acuminate; upland forest; occasional.

Cissus rotundifolia (Forssk.) Vahl

DO 536

Shrub; climber with tendrils; stem 4-5 angled; leaves fleshy, folded, margin toothed; bushland; occasional.

Cyphostemma bambuseti (Gilg. & Brandt) Wild & Drum.

JM 1959

Climber with 3-5 foliolate leaves, minutely glandular; forest edge; occasional.

Cyphostemma cychopetalum (Fresen.) Wild (C. nieriensis)

JM 1513

Climber with tendrils; leaves 5-foliolate; forest; common.

Cyphostemma serpens (A. Rich.) Decne (C. orondo)

JM 1451

Climber; tap root tuberous; with or without tendrils; leaflets 3-7 densely pubescent below; bushland; occasional

Rhoicissus tridentata (L. f.) Wild & Drum.

JM 1479

Small tendrillate shrub or climber; leaflets dentate; Combretum woodland; occasional.

#### 194 Rutaceae

Calodendrum capense (L. f.) Thunb.

JM 1836

Deciduous tree to 17 m; bark grey; leaves opposite, simple, with a row of translucent glands near the margin; riverine; common.

Clausena anisata (Willd.) Benth.

JM 1818

Unarmed shrub or tree 2-3 m, occasionally to 10m; leaves strongly aromatic; forest edges; common.

Teclea nobilis Del.

JM 1480

Forest tree; leaves dark green 3, 2 or 1-foliolate; petiole grooved; pellucid glands present; forest; common.

Teclea simplicifolia (Engl.) Verdoorn

DO SR

Shrub or forest tree; leaves unifoliolate, trifoliolate on young plants; forest edges; common. Toddalia asiatica (L.) Lam. JM 1933

Scrambling prickly shrub; leaves 3-foliolate; leaflets gland dotted, sessile; forest; occasional.

Vepris eugeniifolia (Engl.) Verdoorn

DO SR

Shrub; leaves unifoliolate; leaflets drooping blade with raised gland dots beneath; dry bushland; occasional.

Vepris glomerata (F. Hoffm.) Engl. var. glabra Kokwaro

DO 491

Small tree to 3 m or more; leaves trifoliolate; petiole slightly winged; flowers scented; bushland; occasional.

Zanthoxylum (Fagara) chalybeum (Engl.) Kokwaro var. chalybeum

DO SR

Tree to 13 m; stem armed with large woody spines; leaflets punctate; bushed grassland; occasional.

Zanthoxylum (Fagara) usambarense (Engl.) Kokwaro

JM 1931

Tree to 17 m; prickles straight or up-curved; leaflets with main nerves impressed above; forest edges; common.

#### 195/A Balanitaceae

Balanites aegyptiaca (L.) Del.

DO 458

Tree, 5-7 m, sometimes to 12 m; twigs thorny; branchlets green; dry bushland; occasional.

#### 196 Burseraceae

Commiphora africana (A. Rich.) Engl.

JM SR

Shrub or small tree to 10 m; bark peels in papery scrolls; leaves trifoliolate; bushland; occasional.

Commiphora habessinica (Berg) Engl. ssp habessinica (C. madagascariensis) DO 592 Small tree to 7 m; branches grey, spiny; bark peels in papery strips; rocky outcrops; occasional.

Commiphora myrrha (Nees) Engl. (C. coriacea)

Tree; branchlets thick, spinose, grey; leaves 1- or 3-foliolate, leathery; stony soil; occasional.

Commiphora samharensis Scheinf. ssp terebinthina (Vollesen) Gillett

DO 485

Small spiny tree, 6 m; trunk yellow; leaves trifoliolate; bushed grassland; occasional.

Commiphora schimperi (Berg) Engl.

JM SR

Tree to 5 m; bark peeling to green and pale grey; leaves trifoliolate; dry grassland.

## 197 Meliaceae

Ekebergia capensis Sparrm.

JM 1957

Forest tree to 27 m; leaves compound, grouped near the ends of branchlets; forest; occasional.

Trichilia emetica Vahl (T. roka)

DO 468

Tree 5-13 m, occasionally to 30m; bark smooth; young parts yellow, pubescent; riparian; occasional.

Turraea mombassana C.D.C.

JM 1355

Much branched shrub to 3 m; flowers white; bushland; common.

## 198 Sapindaceae

Allophylus rubifolius (A. Rich.) Engl.

JM 1636

Shrub; leaves 3-foliolate; lateral leaflets subsessile, margins serrate; bushland; occasional.

Dodonaea angustifolia L. f. (D. viscosa)

JM 1562

Shrub or tree, 2-4 m, occasionally to 8m; branchlets red-brown, angular; flowers yellow-green to creamy white; bushland; common.

Pappea capensis Eckl. & Zeyh.

JM 1566

Tree to 27 m; leaves crowded at the ends of twigs; base unequal; rocky slopes; occasional.

#### 202 Melianthaceae

Bersama abyssinica Fres.

TO

Small straggling tree to 7 m; leaves alternate, imparipinnate, to 60 cm long; forest edges; occasional.

#### 205 Anacardiaceae

Lannea edulis (Sond.) Engl.

JM 1977

Low shrub; leaves 5-7-foliolate; flowers yellow; wooded grassland; occasional.

Lannea schimperi (A. Rich.) Engl.

JM 1876

Tree, 5–12 m, rarely to 17 m; slash bright crimson; leaflets 5–9, subsessile; wet grassland; occasional.

Ozoroa (Heeria) insignis Del. ssp reticulata (Bak. f.) A. & A. Fernandes

JM 1908

Small tree; slash pale crimson; leaves simple, midrib and laterals prominent beneath; grassland; occasional.

Pistacia aethiopica Kokwaro

JM 1476

Tree to 17 m or more; twigs and leaves turpentine scented; leaves compound; leaf rachis winged; riparian; occasional.

Rhus longipes Engl.

JM 1762

Tree to 7 m; leaves trifoliolate; leaflets sessile, glabrous, margin entire; edge of Ngelesha forest; common.

Rhus natalensis Krauss

JM 1351

Bush or small tree to 7 m; branchlets grey brown; leaves pale green, trifoliolate, bushed grassland; common.

Rhus vulgaris Meikle

JM 1437

Bush or small tree to 7 m; leaves trifoliate, softly tomentose beneath; bushland; common.

Schinus molle L. (Cultivated)

JM 2017

Tree: leaves compound: leaflets linear-lanceolate, flowers white; forest edge; occasional.

#### 212 Araliaceae

Cussonia holstii Engl. var. holstii

JM 1495

Tree to 7 m with pawpaw-like habit; leaves compound, digitate; leaflets 5; highland forest, rocky slopes; common.

## 213 Umbelliferae

Centella asiatica (L.) Urb.

JM 1791

Creeping herb; leaves reniform or suborbicular, cordate, crenate; grassland or lawns; occasional.

Diplolophium africanum Turcz.

JM 1940

Perennial 1 m; leaf segments capillary; wooded grassland; occasional.

Ferula communis L.

JM 1427

Herb, 1.5 m; leaves large and finely divided at base; flower umbels yellow; woodland; common.

Heteromorpha trifoliata (Wendl.) Eckl. & Zeyh.

JM 1490

Shrub to 7 m; leaves variable, simple, trilobed, trifoliate or pinnate; flowers yellow-green; forest edge; common.

Oenanthe palustris (Chiov.) Norman

**IM 2038** 

Herb; leaves compound; petiole clasping stem; flowers green/white; swamps; common.

Steganotaenia araliacea Hochst.

JM 1556

Tree 3-5 m, sometimes to 8m; leaves pinnate, crowded near the ends of branches; petiole sheathing at base; wet grassland; occasional.

Torilis arvensis (Huds.) Link

JM 1699

Annual; leaves lanceolate-linear, toothed; forest paths; occasional.

#### 221 Ebenaceae

Diospyros abyssinica (Hiern) F. White

DO 537

Tree to 30 m; bark very dark; slash yellow; leaves lanceolate to oblong-lanceolate; midrib impressed above; flowers white; forest; common.

Euclea divinorum Hiern

TO

Small tree; leaves elliptic, coriaceous; flowers cream; rocky highlands; common.

Euclea racemosa Murr. ssp schimperi (A.D.C.) F. White (= E. schimperi)

JM 1372

Similar to *E. divinorum* but twigs scaly and leaf lamina with reddish scales beneath, margin wavy; highland; common.

#### 222 Sapotaceae

Mimusops cf. bagshawei S. Moore

DO SR

Tree to 43 m; bark dark brown; slash pale crimson-red; leaves oblong to obovate oblong, 7.5–17.5 cm long; forest; occasional.

## 223 Myrsinaceae

Myrsine africana L.

JM 1993

Evergreen shrub; leaves small, glabrous, subsessile, serrulate, gland dotted; open land at high altitude; occasional.

## 228 Loganiaceae

Strychnos henningsii Gilg.

JM 1486

Tree to 10 m, sometime shrubby; leaves glabrous, ovate, oblong or lanceolate to 5 cm long and 2.5 cm broad, 3–5 nerved; dry bushland; occasional.

Strychnos mitis S. Moore

JM 2053

Small tree; slash very thin, orange-brown; leaves 3-nerved from base; riverine forest; common.

#### 229 Oleaceae

Chionanthus mildbraedii (Gilg. & Schell) Stearn

JM & TPY 2056

Shrub or small tree to 18 m; bark smooth; slash yellow; leaves coriaceous, apex acute or acuminate; forest; occasional.

Jasminum floribundum Fresen.

JM 1361

Shrub, climbing or suberect; leaves 5-foliolate; bushland; common.

Jasminum fluminense Vell.

JM 1683

Shrub, climber; leaves 3-foliolate; riverine forest; occasional.

Olea europaea L. ssp africana (Mill.) P.G. Green

JM 1359

Tree 7–10 m, sometimes to 27 m; leaves opposite, linear-lanceolate to elliptic-lanceolate; flowers small, white; woodland; very common.

Schrebera alata (Hochst.) Welw.

JM 1489

Tree to 30 m; leaves imparipinnate; petiole narrowly winged at base; bushland; common.

# 230 Apocynaceae

Acokanthera schimperi (A.D.C.) Benth.

JM 1377

Tree or shrub; leaves coriaceous, shiny, opposite, elliptic or broadly elliptic; dry bushland; common.

Carissa edulis (Forssk.) Vahl

JM 1366

Scrambling shrub to 3 m; much branched; spines simple or bifurcate; flowers white inside, red outside; bushland; very common.

Rauvolfia caffra Sond.

JM 1865

Tree to 27 m; leaves in whorls of 3 or 4, to 30 cm; flowers white; wet forest; occasional.

Saba comorensis (DC.) Pichon (Landolphia comorensis)

DO 517

Liana on forest trees; leaves opposite, tinged pink when young; flowers white with long corolla tube, scented; forest; uncommon.

# 231 Asclepiadaceae

Ceropegia ballyana Bullock

JM 1628

Succulent climber; flowers greenish to yellow with maroon spots; bushland; occasional.

Ceropegia powysii Field

Reported fom near the bottom of the Mukutan Gorge (Newton, 1990)

Cynanchum gerrardii (Harvey) Liede (C. tetrapterum)

TO

Climbing leafless shrub; stems fleshy; petals reflexed; Acacia bushland; occasional.

Echidnopsis sharpei White & Sloane

DO SR

Succulent with knob-like projections; flowers maroon; bushed grassland; occasional.

Ectadiopsis oblongifolia (Meisn.) Schltr.

JM 1880

Erect loose shrub; leaves oblong-elliptic; flowers pale yellow; wooded grassland; common.

Gomphocarpus fruticosus (L.) Ait. f.

JM 1515

Shrub; leaves acicular to linear oblong; flowers white and maroon; watercourses; common.

Gomphocarpus physocarpus E. Mey.

JM 2210

Shrub; leaves lanceolate; flowers green and white; grassland; occasional.

Gomphocarpus stenophyllus Oliv.

**TPY 2178** 

Perennial; young parts white woolly hairy; leaves very narrow; flowers yellow or reddish; rocky bushed grassland; occasional.

Huernia keniensis R.E. Fries

DO 663

Fleshy herb with 4–6 rows of conical projections; rocky ground; occasional.

Kanahia laniflora (Forssk.) R. Br.

DO 577

Shrub, leaves linear; flowers large, pure white; water courses; occasional.

Pachycybium (Caralluma) dummeri (N.E. Br.) M. Gilbert

JM 1720

Fleshy perennial; stems variagated; Combretum woodland; occasional.

Sarcostemma andongense Hiern

DO 625

Much branched bush; latex-producing; flowers pale green, short penduncled; rocky grassland thicket; common.

Sarcostemma viminale (L.) R. Br.

JM 1481

Shrub; trailing, twining or climbing; stems green; flowers white; rocky ground; common.

Secamone punctulata Decne
Woody climber; leaves narrowly elliptic to linear; woodland; occasional.

Stathmostelma rhacodes K. Schum.

Herb; leaves linear; umbel single, terminal; flowers red and orange; seasonally waterlogged grassland; occasional.

#### 232 Rubiaceae

Canthium lactescens Hiern

JM 1365

Tree or shrub to 5 m; leaves drying dark brown or black; flowers white-green; rocky slopes; common.

Canthium pseudosetiflorum Bridson ssp. pseudosetiflorum

DO 493

Shrub, 1-3 m; young branches covered with dark grey bark, lenticellate; leaf blades paired; mixed scrub; occasional.

Galium aparine auct. afr. non L. (G. spurium L. ssp africanum)

JM 1503

"Sticky" climber or scrambler; leaves narrowly oblanceolate, acute; flowers on long pedicels; weed of cultivation.

Gardenia ternifolia (Schumach. & Thonn.) (G. jovis-tonantis)

JM & TY 2054

Shrub or small tree 1-6 m; often stunted in appearance; leaves arranged in threes on short ternate shoots; rocky grassland; common.

Kohautia coccinea Royle

**TPY 2267** 

Herb, unbranched or sparsely branched, 30 cm; leaves linear; wooded grassland; occasional.

Meyna tetraphylla (Hiern) Robyns ssp comerensis (Robyns) Verdc.

DO 578

Shrub or small tree, armed with opposite straight prickles; flowers white; river-beds; occasional.

Oldenlandia corymbosa L.

JM 2131

Prostrate spreading much branched herb; leaves linear-lanceolate; corolla pale blue; open ground; occasional.

Oldenlandia herbacea (L.) Roxb.

DO 649

Herb to 60 cm; stems 4-ribbed; leaves linear; wooded grassland; occasional.

Oldenlandia scopulorum Bullock

JM 1861

Herb to 25 cm, much branched; leaves linear; grassland; occasional.

Pavetta subcana Hiern ssp. longiflora (Vatke) Bridson

DO 465

Shrub, 1–3.5 m; bacterial nodules dot-shaped on lateral nerves; corolla tube glabrous outside; young branches glabrous; leaves glabrous; bushland; occasional.

Pentanisia ouranogyne S. Moore

JM 1406

Herb, 10 cm; flowers bright blue; grassland; occasional.

Pentas lanceolata (Forssk.) Deflers

**TPY 2331** 

Herb or subshrub to 1.3m; leaves lanceolate; bushland; occasional.

Pentas parvifolia Hiern

JM 1844

Subshrub to 2.5 m; flowers scarlet, crowded; grassland; occasional.

Pentas pubiflora S. Moore

**TPY 2332** 

Herb or subshrub 1.5 m; flowers white, rarely tinged pale blue or pinkish; forest edges; occasional.

Pentas zanzibarica ((Klotzsch) Vatke

TPY 233

Herb or shrubby herb to 2.5 m; flowers pink or lilac, bluish mauve or bright crimson red; grassland; occasional.

Psychotria kirkii Hiern

JM 1766

Shrub, 1.5 m; leaves crowded at the end of branches; fruits bright orange when ripe; forest edges; common.

Psydrax schimperiana (A. Rich.) Bridson ssp. schimperiana

JM 2371

Tree, 5 m; leaves leathery, shiny; wooded grassland; common.

Pyrostria (Canthium) phyllanthoidea Baill.

JM 1868

Much branched shrub; branches decussate; flowers greenish; fruits two celled; bushland; common.

Rubia cordifolia L.

JM 1478

Scrambling or climbing herb, 5 m; stems and leaves brittle; forest edges; common.

Spermacoce sphaerostigma (A. Rich.) Vatke

Annual herb to 90 cm; leaves lanceolate; grassland; occasional.

Spermacoce sp.

**TPY 2207** 

Herb 70 cm high; much branched; grassland; occasional.

Tarrenna graveolens (S. Moore) Brem.

AR 4106

Shrub or small tree, 1.8-7 m; young branches covered with grey to reddish bark, sometimes flaking when older; bushland; occasional.

Vangueria apiculata K. Schum.

Tree or shrub; leaves apiculate; fruits green, coarsely lobed; forest edge; common.

Vangueria sp. nr. madagascariensis Gmel. (V. acutiloba)

JM SR

Shrub or small tree; leaves broadly elliptic to oblong-elliptic; riparian; uncommon.

Vangueria madagascariensis Gmel. (V. acutiloba)

JM 1349

Shrub or small tree; leaves broadly elliptic to oblong-elliptic; fruits globose, green (unripe), brown when ripe; bushland; common.

Vangueria volkensii K. Schum. var. volkensii (V. linerarisepala)

TO

Shrub or small tree; young parts golden velvety hairy; leaf nerves prominent below; forest edges; occasional.

# 238 Compositae

Acanthospermum hispidum DC.

JM 1452

Herb; flower heads small, yellow; fruits spiny, weed of cultivation.

Acmella calirhiza Del. (Spilanthes mauritiana)

JM 2139

Trailing herb; leaves ovate, dentate; flower heads orange-yellow; riverine; common.

Ageratum conyzoides L.

JM 2154

Erect weak annual; leaves ovate, serrate; flower heads terminal, corymbose, blue-purple; common weed of disturbed ground.

Anisopappus holstii (O. Hoffm.) Wild

DO 641

Herb, annual, glandular; leaves ovate, dentate; rocky grassland; common.

Aspilia kotschyi (Sch. Bip.) Oliv.

DO 508

Herb, annual or weak perennial, scabrid tomentose; flower heads deep black purple or maroon; grassland; occasional.

Aspilia mossambicensis (Oliv.) Wild

JM 1410

Herb or shrub; leaves scabrid; flower heads yellow; grassland; common.

Aspilia pleuriseta Schweinf.

CL 12

Similar to A. mossambicensis except flowers and leaves smaller in size, whole plant smaller in size as compared to the latter.

Athroisma gracile (Olive.) Mattf.

JM 2178

Herb; leaves thread-like; flower heads corymbose; rocky grassland; occasional.

Berkeya spekeana Oliv.

JM 1559

Herb; leaves pinnatifid, spiny, white woolly below; wooded grassland; common.

Bidens biternata (Lour.) Merr.

Annual herb, erect; leaves hairy, pinnate, trifoliolate mostly; common weed, disturbed ground.

Bidens pilosa L.

JM 1411

Similar to B. biternata but glabrous; common weed, disturbed ground.

Blumea brevipes Oliv. & Hiern

JM 1752

Herb, 1m; stem winged; leaves sessile, yellow green; wooded grassland; occasional.

Bothriocline fusca S. Moore

JM 1693

Shrub; leaves lanceolate-elliptic, serrate, white hairy below; flower heads purple to violet; disturbed ground; common.

Cineraria deltoides Sond. (= C. grandiflora)

JM 1709

Herb; leaves auriculate; flower heads corymbose, yellow; forest edges; occasional.

Conyza aegyptiaca (L.) Ait.

Herb; leaves pinnatifid; flower heads large, terminal; disturbed grassland; common.

Conyza bonariensis (L.) Cronq.

JM 1746

Herb; basal leaves a rosette, stem leaves distantly serrate; disturbed grassland; uncommon.

Conyza schimperi Sch. Bip.

JM 1446

Shrub or herb; leaves pinnatifid; flower heads small, pale; grassland; common.

Conyza sumatrensis (Retz.) E.H. Walker

**TPY 2184** 

Herb; leaves linear-lanceolate, lanceolate or oblong-lanceolate; flower heads numerous, white-cream; common weed.

Cotula abyssinica A. Rich.

JM 2206

Perennial herb; leaves alternate; flower heads long penduncled, terminal green; high altitude grassland; common.

Solanecio (Crassocephalum) mannii (Hook. f.) C. Jeffrey

JM 2157

Semi-succulent tree; leaves elliptic, crowded at the ends of branches; bushland; good living fence

Crassocephalum picridifolium (D.C.) S. Moore

JM 2127

Trailing perennial herb; leaves petiolate, ovate, often auriculate; cleared grassland; occasional.

Dichrocephala integrifolia O. Kuntze

JM 2141

Herb; leaves rhomboid ovate, petiolate; flower heads terminal, reddish; montane forest; occasional.

Echinops amplexicaulis Oliv.

JM 1911

Erect robust herb; leaves sessile, shallowly lobed, ovate-elliptic; wooded grassland; occasional.

Emilia (Senecio) discifolia (Oliv.) C. Jeffrey

JM 1432

Herb, annual or weak perennial; leaves spathulate; flower heads orange; disturbed ground; common weed.

Emilia integrifolia Bak.

**TPY 2281** 

Herb; leaves linear; flower heads terminal, cream to white; high altitude grassland; common.

Felicia abyssinica A. Rich.

JM 1586

Herb 20 cm tall; leaves linear; flower heads solitary with spreading blue to mauve rays and a yellow centre; dry grassland; common.

Galinsoga parviflora Cav.

TPY 214

Annual herb, erect; flower heads minute, terminal, cream; disturbed ground; common weed. Gerbera viridifolia (DC.) Sch. Bip. ssp viridifolia CL 1A

Herb; leaves a rosette, petiolate, oblong elliptic; flower heads solitary, pinkish; wooded grassland; occasional.

Gnaphalium rubrifolium Hilliard (G. declinatum)

JM 1694

Trailing annual or perennial herb; leaves oblong, spathulate or linear, white woolly; flowers white; bushed grassland; common.

Guizotia scabra (Vis.) Chiov.

JM 1650

Scabrid herb; leaves oblong, dentate or entire; flower heads yellow; bushed grassland; occasional.

Gutenbergia (Erlangea) boranensis S. Moore

TO

Perennial herb or weak shrub; lower leaves petiolate, lanceolate, white below; sandy disturbed grassland; common.

Gutenbergia (Erlangea) cordifolia Oliv.

JM 1364

Annual herb; leaves subsessile, opposite to alternate, white woolly below; disturbed grassland; common weed.

Gynura scandens O. Hoffm.

JM 1511

Succulent herb, scrambler; leaves auriculate, serrate; wet bushed grassland; occasional.

Helichrysum gerberifolium Sch. Bip.

JM 2227

Erect herb; leaves a rosette, narrowly elliptic; flower heads brownish; bushed grassland; occasional.

Helichrysum globosum Sch. Bip.

JM 1475

Perennial herb; basal leaves a rosette, long petioled, 3-nerved; upland bushed grassland; occasional.

Helichrysum glumaceum DC.

JM 1444

Weak shrub, grey hairy; leaves linear, acute; rocky grassland; common.

Helichrysum odoratissimum (L.) Less.

JM 1955

Straggling shrub; silvery hairy; leaves linear-lanceolate; grassland; common.

Helichrysum schimperi (Sch. Bip.) Moeser

JM 1461

Trailing soft shrub, white hairy; leaves broad elliptic; inflorescence yellow or whitish; forest edges; common.

Hirpicium diffusum (O. Hoffm.) Roess.

JM 1464

Herb; leaves oblong to linear, entire to pinnatilobed; flowers yellow; disturbed grassland; common.

Inula decipiens E.A. Bruce

JM 1943

Woody herb; leaves large, velvet pubescent below; flower heads in terminal corymbs, yellow; forest edges; occasional.

Kleinia squarrosa Cuf. (= K. kleinoides)

DO 512

Loose shrub or climber; stems fleshy; leaves obovate or oblong; flower heads pink or mauve; bushland; common.

Notonia petraea R.E. Fries

JM 1578

Trailing glabrous succulent herb; leaves obovate to suborbicular; flower heads orange; bushed grassland; occasional.

Osteospermum vaillantii (Decne) Nord.

JM 1458

Erect glandular pubescent annual; leaves dentate or pinnately lobed, elliptic-lanceolate; florets yellow; disturbed ground; common weed.

Piloselloides hirsuta (Forssk.) C. Jeffr. (Gerbera piloselloides)

JM 1600

Herb; basal leaves in a rosette, oblong-elliptic, narrowing gradually at base; highland bushed grassland; common.

Pseudognaphalium (Gnaphalium) luteo-album (L.) Hilliard & Burtt

JM 2148

Erect white woolly annual herb; leaves spathulate, oblong; flower heads yellow; disturbed grassland; common.

Psiadia punctulata DC. Vatke (P. arabica)

JM 1367

Glabrous shrub; flower heads yellow, terminal; bushland and forest edges; common.

Reichardia tingitana (L.) Roth

JM 2216

Glabrous annual herb, 20 cm; leaves oblanceolate, dentate; heads solitary; disturbed ground; uncommon.

Schkuhria pinnata (Lam.) O. Kuntze

JM 1382

Erect annual; leaves capillary; flower heads small, yellow; roadside and cultivation; common.

Senecio hadiensis Forsk. (S. petitianus)

JM 2225

Semi-succulent robust trailing climber; leaves minutely toothed; forest edges; common.

Sonchus schweinfurthii Oliv. & Hiern

JM 2128

Robust erect or trailing herb; leaves pinnately divided; heads tight terminal clusters; bushed grassland; occasional.

Sphaeranthus gomphrenoides O. Hoffm.

JM 1350

Weak herb; leaves lanceolate; stem wings interrupted; water courses; common.

Sphaeranthus suaveolens (Forssk.) DC.

JM 2213

Trailing herb; leaves ovate, dentate; flower heads orange-yellow; riverine; common.

Sphaeranthus sp. nr ukambensis Vatke & O. Hoffm.

JM 1906

Herb; leaves lanceolate; occasionally waterlogged ground; uncommon.

Tagetes minuta L.

JM 1463

Strong smelling annual; leaves pinnate; heads creamy yellow, terminal; disturbed ground; common weed.

Tarchonanthus camphoratus L.

JM 1418

Shrub to 7 m; leaves smell of camphor when crushed, densely white tomentose beneath, green above; level ground; dominant plant over much of ranch.

Vernonia brachycalyx O. Hoffm.

JM 1424

Trailing scrambler; corymbs terminal; flower heads purple; forest edges; common.

Vernonia lasiopus O. Hoffm.

JM 2007

Weak shrub; leaves ovate, coarsely serrate, pale tomentose below; disturbed ground; common.

Vernonia popeana C. Jeffrey (V. sp. C of Agnew ed. 1)

TO

Perennial shrub; flower heads terminal, purple; median leaves clasping the stem; bushed grassland; occasional.

Volutaria lippii (L.) Maire

JM 2133

Annual or weak perennial; leaves oblong, pinnatifid; flower heads purple; bushed grassland; occasional.

# 239 Gentianaceae

Sebaea brachyphylla Griseb.

**TPY 2354** 

Branched annual; leaves sessile, orbicular; flowers terminal, corymbose, crowded, yellow; forest edge; occasional.

#### 240 Primulaceae

Anagallis arvensis L.

JM 1652

Much branched annual herb; leaves ovate to lanceolate; flowers blue or reddish pink on long pedicels; shallow soils and disturbed places; common.

# 243 Campanulaceae

Canarina abysinnica Engl.

JM 1995

Glaucous climber; leaves triangular-ovate; flowers pendulous, orange; forest and forest edges; uncommon.

### 244 Lobeliaceae

Lobelia sp.

**TPY 2353** 

Prostrate herb; mesic sites.

# 249 Boraginaceae

Cordia monoica Roxb. (C. ovalis)

JM 1575

Shrub or tree to 7 m; bark scaling in strips; leaves sand-papery, sub-opposite; dry bushland; common.

Echiochilon lithospermoides (S. Moore) Johnston

JM 2129

Woody herb; leaves small, sessile, ovate; flowers pink, mauve; bushland; occasional.

Heliotropium longiflorum (A. DC.) Jaub. & Spach. ssp undulatifolium

**TPY 2189** 

Perennial herb; leaves linear, undulate; flowers white to cream; bushed grassland; occasional.

Heliotropium strigosum L.

JM 1640

Stiffy-hairy annual herb; leaves elliptic to linear; flowers white; disturbed stony grassland; occasional.

Heliotropium zeylanicum (Burm. f.) Lam. (H. subulatum)

JM 2175

Perennial herb; leaves elliptic to linear; flowers yellow; bushland; occasional.

Lithospermum afromontanum Weim.

JM 2232

Trailing silky hairy shrub; leaves sessile, ovate to lanceolate; flowers white; forest clearing; common.

# 250 Solanaceae

Datura stramonium L.

JM 1397

Annual herb; leaves ovate, dentate; fruits armed with stout prickles; disturbed ground; common.

Lycium europaeum L.

JM 1525

Much branched armed woody shrub; leaves narrow, spathulate—obovate or oblong; ripe berries orange or red; dry bushland; uncommon.

Physalis peruviana L.

JM 1916

Trailing herb; flowers yellow with brown centres; fruits orange; disturbed ground; common. Solanum sp. A of Agnew

JM 1471

Herb; leaves linear-oblong; bushed grassland; uncommon.

Solanum aculeastrum Dunal

JM 1913

Shrub or small tree; stems and underside of leaves prickly; forest clearings; common.

Solanum incanum L.

JM 1348

Felty pubescent woody herb or shrub; prickles present or absent; waste ground; common.

Solanum indicum L.

JM 1912

Woody herb or shrub; leaves ovate, sinuate to pinnately lobed; prickles usually on stems and leaves; flowers pale mauve; montane forest clearing; occasional.

Solanum mauense Bitter

JM 1917

Similar to S. indicum except leaves entire; montane forest clearings; occasional.

Solanum nigrum L.

JM 1591

Pubescent or glabrous unarmed annual herb; flowers white; disturbed ground; common weed.

Solanum terminale Forssk. (S. nakurense)

Unarmed herb or shrub; leaves broadly elliptic; flowers white to pale blue; bushland; common.

Withania somnifera (L.) Dunal

JM 1705

Woody herb or soft shrub; leaves ovate; flowers green; disturbed ground; common.

### 251 Convolvulaceae

Astripomoea malvacea (Klotzsch) Meeuse

JM SR

Perennial; leaves elliptic to broadly ovate; flowers white; bushed grassland; common.

Convolvulus sagittatus Thunb.

AR 4102

Herb; stems twining or prostrate; leaves linear to oblong, sagittate; bushland; uncommon.

Convolvulus siculus L.

TPY 2226

Annual herb; leaves oblong lanceolate; corolla white; disturbed grassland; occasional.

Cuscuta kilimanjari Oliv.

**TPY 2139** 

Leafless parasite; flowers cream; pedicels shorter than flowers; forest edge; occasional.

Evolvulus alsinoides L.

JM 1380

Annual or perennial herb covered with silky hairs; leaves elliptic to linear oblong; grassland; common.

Falkia canescens C.H. Wright

JM 1668

Prostrate herb rooting at nodes; leaves squarish-reniform, petiolate cordate, glabrous above; flowers white, solitary; fruit white tomentose 4-lobed; grassland; occasional.

Ipomoea arachnosperma Welw.

DO 609

Annual prostrate or twining herb; leaves 3-lobed, cottony hairy beneath; bushland; uncommon.

Ipomoea cairica (L.) Sweet

Perennial twining herb; leaves palmately divided; forest clearing; common.

Ipomoea hildebrandtii Vatke

TPY 2179

Shrublet, 4m; leaves round to elliptic-oblong, large finely pubescent beneath; grassland; occasional.

Ipomoea kituensis Vatke

JM 1597

Shrub, partly twining or scrambling; leaves round, very obtuse at apex, large; flowers white cream or yellow; bushland; common.

Ipomoea longituba Hall. f.

JM 1592

Perennial shrub; leaves ovate, cuneate or truncate at base, entire or lobed; bushed grassland; uncommon.

Ipomoea marmorata Brit. & Rendle

DO 609

Erect subwoody shrub to 0.6 m flowering when leafless; leaves orbicular or reniform; bushland; occasional.

Ipomoea mombassana Vatke

JM 2165

Annual or perennial twiner; leaves cordate, sagittate; bushland; common.

Ipomoea obscura (L.) Ker. Gawl.

Perennial herb, prostrate or twining; flowers bright yellow, orange, cream or white; bushland; common.

Ipomoea polymorpha Roem. & Schultes JM 1875 Annual or biennial erect or prostrate herb to 0.6 m; hairy leaves shallowly to deeply lobed; flowers axillary, white or pink; wet grassland; occasional. Ipomoea sinensis (Desr.) Choisy ssp blepharosepala (A. Rich.) Meeuse JM 2047 Annual twiner; leaves ovate-oblong, cordate or subhastrate; bushland; occasional. Ipomoea wightii (Wall.) Choisy TPY SR Perennial prostrate or twinging hairy herb; leaves 3-lobed or entire, cottony hairy below: grassland; common. Ipomoea sp. JM 2034 Prostrate herb; leaves cordate, hairy; seasonally waterlogged soil; rare. Stictocardia beraviensis (Vatke) Hall, f. DO 451 Climber; flowers deep red; leaves alternate and simple; bushland; occasional. 252 Scrophulariaceae Alectra sp. nr kirkii Hemsel DO 656 Parasitic herb; flowers yellow; shady forest; uncommon. Alectra parasitica A. Rich. **TPY 2249** Parasitic herb; leaves scale-like, yellowish; flowers yellow; dry bushland; uncommon. Craterostigma plantagineum Hochst. JM 1976 Herb; leaves a rosette, serrate; flowers blue; grassland; occasional. Craterostigma?pumilum Hochst. JM 1786 Herb; leaves in a rosette; occasionally waterlogged grassland; uncommon. Cycnium tubulosum (L. f.) Engl. ssp montanum (N.E. Br.) O.J. Hansen JM 2005 Herb; leaves linear-lanceolate; flowers white tinted purple or pink; bushland; common. Hebenstretia angolensis Rolfe (H. dentata) TPY SR Shrub; leaves linear, toothed or entire; flowers white or orange; rocky bushed grassland; occasional. Lindernia philcoxii Fischer (Ilysanthes pusilla) TPY 2351 Perennial herb; leaves elliptic; flowers pink; grassland shallow soils; occasional. Misopates orontium (L.) Raf. DO 644 Annual; leaves linear; flowers subsessile, purple or pink or cream; shallow soils; uncommon. Pseudosopubia hildebrandtii (Vatke) Engl. DO 484 Woody herb; leaves linear, acute or obtuse; flowers purple-pink; bushland; uncommon. Striga asiatica (L.) Ktze. DO 619 Annual parasite; leaves linear to filamentous; flowers bright crimson; grassland; occasional. 259 Acanthaceae Asystasia mysorensis (Roth) T. Anders. (A. schimperi) JM 1454 Annual herb; leaves obovate to elliptic; flowers white; pathsides; common. Barleria argentea Rolf. f. (B. diffusa) Woody herb; leaves subsessile; flowers pinkish mauve; grassland; occasional. Barleria micrantha C.B. Cl. TO Herb; leaves shortly petiolate; flowers pale blue; woodland; occasional. JM 1462 Barleria spinisepala E.A. Bruce Woody herb; leaves subsessile, elliptic, mucronate; calyx spine-margined; flowers blue;

grassland; occasional.

Barleria submollis Lindau	DO 489
Herb; leaves rounded at base; flowers blue; bushland; occasional.	
Barleria ventricosa Nees	JM 1403
Herb; leaves subsessile, attenuate below; flowers blue; forest; occasional.	
Barleria volkensii Lindau	TO
Herb; leaves ovate-elliptic, petiolate; flowers blue; forest edges; occasional.	
Blepharis ciliaris (L.) B.L. Burtt (B. linariifolia)	DO 488
Annual herb; leaves sessile, unequal, spine toothed; flowers bright blue; open grassland.	
Blepharis maderaspatensis (L.) Roth. var. rubiifolia (Schum.) Napper	JM 1429
Trailing herb; leaves entire or rarely toothed, scabrid, verticillate at nodes; flowers	s white;
rocky slopes and forest edges; uncommon.	
Crabbea velutina S. Moore	JM 1354
Herb; leaves shortly petiolate, oblong-elliptic; flowers white; grassland; common.	
Crossandra massaica Mildbr. (C. nilotica)	DO 545
Herb; leaves petiolate, elliptic-lanceolate; flowers red; wooded grassland; occasio	nal.
Crossandra mucronata Lindau	JM 1374
Herb; leaves subsessile, ovate-elliptic; flowers pale orange to red; dry thicket; cor	nmon.
Dyschoriste clinopodioides Mildbr. (D. radicans)	JM 2179
Trailing herb; leaves elliptic to obovate; flowers pale purple; disturbed grassland;	
occasional.	
Dyschoriste thunbergiflora (S. Moore) Lindau	DO 555
Herb or subshrub; flowers purple mauve or blue; forest margin; common.	
Hygrophila auriculata (Schumach.) Heine	JM 1794
Herb; stems square; flowers axillary each with stout spines; bushland; occasional.	
Hypoestes forskahlii (Vahl) R. Br. (H. verticillaris)	JM 1402
Herb; leaves elliptic, petiolate; flowers axillary, white streaked with pink or purple;	
bushland; common.	
Isoglossa laxa Oliv.	JM 1389
Herb; leaves ovate, subsessile below the inflorescence which is glandular hairy; woodland; occasional.	
Justicia anselliana (Nees) T. Anders (J. leikipiensis)	JM 1440
Herb; leaves linear to narrowly elliptic; marshy grassland; common.	JIVI 1440
	то
Justicia cordata (Nees) T. Anders Shrub; leaves subsessile, oblong, bases shortly clasping stem or cordate; bushland	
occasional.	
Justicia diclipteroides Lindau	DO 584
Trailing herb rooting at nodes; flowers purple to pink; forest edges; common.	DO 364
	TPY 2272
Creeping annual or perennial herb with spreading hairy stems; grassland; commor	
Justicia sp. nr. calyculata (Deflers) T. Anders.	DO 575
Creeping or erect herb rooting at nodes; flowers white; forest floor; uncommon.	DO 373
Justicia heterocarpa T. Anders	DO 570
Annual herb; leaves ovate to elliptic; flowers pale purple; grassland; common.	DO 370
Justicia regis Hedron (J. sp. D of Agnew ed. 1)	JM 1502
Shrub, white hairy on stems; leaves ovate to oblong, rounded; rocky bushed grass.	
occasional.	
Megalochlamys (Echolium) revolutum (Lindau) Vollesen	TPY SR
Semi-woody shrub to 2 m; dry rocky slopes; occasional	
South moody sinds to 2 in, dry rooky stopes, occasional	

Monechma debile (Forssk.) Nees

JM 1456

Woody annual herb; flowers terminal and axillary purplish, subtended by broad oblong-elliptic bracts; disturbed ground; common.

Monothecium glandulosum Hochst.

**TPY 2315** 

Trailing herb rooting at nodes; flowers pale purple to mauve; woodland; occasional.

Ruellia patula Jacq.

JM 1576

Herb; leaves petiolate, ovate-spathulate, obtuse or acute; flowers pinkish lilac; bushland, grassland; common.

Ruttya fruticosa Lindau

JM 1533

Shrub; leaves ovate to obovate-elliptic; flowers black and red; bushland; common.

Thunbergia alata Sims

**TPY 2328** 

Twining perennial herb; leaves triangular to lanceolate or ovate; flowers orange; bushland; common.

Thunbergia ?fischeri Engl.

JM 1973

Densely hairy perennial from a woody rootstock; grassland; uncommon.

Whitfieldia elongata (Beauv.) C.B. Cl.

JM 2051

Erect or climbing shrub; leaves large, glabrous, elliptic, gradually narrowed at both ends; flowers yellowish white, glandular; corolla tube white; wet forest; rare.

## 263 Verbenaceae

Clerodendrum glabrum E.Mey.

TO

Evergreen shrub to 5 m; leaves opposite or ternate, underside densely glandular; flowers white; bushland; common.

Clerodendrum myricoides (Hochst.) Vatke

JM 1346

Shrub to 3 m; leaves subsessile, verticillate, margin deeply toothed, blade glandular punctate below; flowers blue; grassland; common.

Lantana camara L.

TO

Shrub; stems armed with short hooked prickles; leaves scabrid, serrate; wasteland; disturbed ground; common.

Lantana trifolia L.

JM 1860

Shrub; leaves usually ternate, scabrid; bushland; common.

Lippia javanica (Burm. f.) Spreng

JM 1356

Shrub; leaves lanceolate to oblong with dense white pubescence below; flower spikes more than 4 at nodes; disturbed ground; common.

Lippia kituiensis Vatke sensu Baker et al. (L. ukambensis)

JM 1800

Similar to L. javanica but leaves scabrid; disturbed ground; common.

Priva curtisiae Kobuski

JM 1654

Herb; leaves oblong to ovate; flowers pink, spicate; bushland; occasional.

Verbena bonariensis L. (V. brasiliensis Vell.?)

TPY 2129

Robust annual; leaves sessile, oblong, serrate; flowers violet; common weed.

## 264 Labiatae

Ajuga remota Benth.

JM 2004

Herb, 20 cm; leaves oblanceolate, coarsely toothed; flowers pale blue; disturbed areas; uncommon.

Becium obovatum (E. Mey.) N.E. Br.

JM 1378

Herb or wiry shrub; leaves oblong, ovate or obovate, rounded at base or apex; flowers white or pale pink; bushed grassland; common.

Becium sp. C of Agnew & Agnew

**TPY 2295** 

Herb; leaves linear to oblanceolate, acute, stems purple; wooded grassland; common.

Fuerstia africana T.C.E. Fr.

JM 1357

Shrub or herb; leaves ovate, serrate; flowers white; leaves stain the fingers red when crushed; grassland, undergrowth in wooded grassland; common.

Leonotis nepetifolia R. Br.

JM 1985

Woody annual; leaves long petiolate, ovate; flowers orange; disturbed ground; common weed.

Leonotis ocymifolia (N.L. Burm.) Iwarsson (L. mollissima)

JM 1938

Woody herb or shrub; leaves woolly, ovate, cordate; flowers orange, occasionally white; disturbed ground; occasional.

Leucas argentea Guerke (L. sp. A of Agnew ed. 1)

**TPY 2338** 

Erect silky-tomentose shrub; leaves orbicular to ovate elliptic; flowers globose clusters, white; disturbed bushland; uncommon.

Leucas calostachys Oliv.

JM 1755

Shrub; leaves elliptic to obovate, subsessile; flowers in terminal masses, spike-like, white; bushland; occasional.

Leucas glabrata R. Br.

DO 314

Herb or weak shrub; leaves petiolate, elliptic to ovate; grassland; uncommon.

Leucas martinicensis (Jacq.) R. Br.

JM 1453

Annual herb; leaves ovate to elliptic; flower tight balls, white; calyces spiny; disturbed soil; occasional.

Ocimum gratissimum L. (O. suave)

JM 1414

Shrub; leaves long petiolate, ovate, serrate; flowers dirty white; forest edges; bushland; common.

Ocimum kenyense Paton (O. sp. A of Agnew ed. 1)

JM 2217

Herb; leaves subsessile, ovate-elliptic; black cotton soil; occasional.

Plectranthus assurgens (Bak.) J.K. Morton

JM 2212

Trailing shrub; leaves broad-ovate, almost suborbicular; shady montane forest; occasional. *Plectranthus caninus* Roth.

JM 1729

Low fleshy annual herb; leaves elliptic, cuneate; flowers bright blue, spicate; disturbed rocky ground; common.

Plectranthus comosus Sims (P. barbatus)

**TPY 2274** 

Shrub; leaves ovate or ovate-elliptic; flowers bright blue; bushland; occasional.

Plectranthus sp. nr cylindraceus A. Rich.

DO 562

Scrambling fleshy shrub; leaves elliptic to obovate; bushland; uncommon.

Plectranthus longipes Bak.

**TPY 2286** 

Sub-succulent herb; leaves orbicular, crenate; flowers bright blue; disturbed woodland; occasional.

Plectranthus pseudomarrubioides R.H. Willemse

DO 530

Trailing succulent herb; leaves ovate to orbicular; flowers lilac; rocky bushed grassland in rock crevices; occasional.

Plectranthus hadiensis (Forsk.) Schweinf. (P. zatarhendi)

TO

Trailing herb; leaves long petiolate, coarsely serrate, orbicular; disturbed rocky ground; occasional.

Plectranthus sp.

JM 1810

Perennial shrub; leaves opposite, fleshy; dry rocky slopes; uncommon.

Plectranthus sp.

JM 1979

Perennial shrub, semi-succulent; leaves serrate; dry rocky slopes; uncommon.

Pvcnostachys deflexifolia Bak.

JM 2229

Erect glabrous annual or short-lived perennial herb; leaves lanceolate-elliptic; flowers terminal, usually solitary in long tapering spikes; disturbed ground; uncommon.

Salvia leucantha Cav.

JM 1682

Straggling shrub; leaves lanceolate, finely serrated; flowers purple and white; disturbed ground; occasional.

Tetradenia riparia (Hochst.) Codd.

JM 1420

Semi-succulent shrub; leaves opposite, fleshy, serrate, broadly elliptic to orbicular; rocky outcrops; common.

Tinnea aethipica Kotschy & Peyr. ssp aethiopica

JM 1393

Shrub; leaves elliptic, coarsely toothed; flowers paired; calyx red; corolla black; forest edges; common.

### MONOCOTYLEDONS

## 276 Potamogetonaceae

Potamogeton thunbergii Cham. & Schlechtd. (P. richardii)

**TPY 2127** 

Anchored trailing aquatic; leaves floating; spikes emergent; streams and dams; common.

### 280 Commelinaceae

Aneilema aequinoctiale (P. Beauv.) Kunth.

**TPY 2300** 

Herb with trailing stems; hairs hooked; flowers yellow; forest; occasional.

Aneilema recurvatum Faden (A. sp. C of Agnew ed. 1)

**TPY 2301** 

Herb; upper petals narrower and more pointed; bushland; occasional.

Aneilema petersii (Hassk.) C.B. Cl.

JM 1853

Herb; flowers white to pale mauve; bushland; occasional.

Commelina africana L. var. africana

JM 1517

Small herb; branches protrate; roots thickened, fibrous; grassland; common.

Commelina africana L. var. glabriuscula (Norl.) Brenan

DO 448

Perennial semi-succulent, trailing or straggling or semi-erect herb; forest floor; occasional. DO 629

Commelina albescens Hassk.

Small herb; spathes strongly falcate, grassland/bushland; common.

Commelina benghalensis L.

**DO 446** 

Herb; leaves petiolate and oblique based; weed of cultivation and disturbed areas; common. Commelina erecta L. JM 1482

Herb; stems erect; flowers with paired sepals fused; grassland/bushland; common.

Commelina forskolii Vahl

DO 596

Trailing herb rooting at nodes; leaf margins undulate; grassland; common.

Commelina latifolia A. Rich.

**TPY 2145** 

Herb; flowers dark blue; forest edges; common.

Commelina petersii Hassk.

DO 541

Herb; erect or scrambling; spathes large, acuminate; bushland; occasional.

Commelina luggardii Bullock (C. purpurea)

Tufted herb; internodes purple; shallow soils in rocky areas; common.

Commelina subulata Roth

Small herb; stems single or tufted, erect, 5-25 cm; grassland in vlei soils; occasional.

Cyanotis sp. aff. foecunda Hassk.

DO 532

Herb with many noded flowering shoots; among rocks; uncommon.

Murdamia simplex (Vahl) Brenan

JM 2130

Herb; flowers lavender to bluish mauve; swamps, grassland; occasional.

### 293 Liliaceae

Albuca sp.

JM 1779

Bulbous herb; leaves linear; rocky grassland; uncommon.

Aloe lateritia Engl. var. graminicola (Reynolds) S. Carter

JM 2231

Medium sized aloe; leaves a rosette, sessile, white spotted and streaked; wooded grassland; occasional.

Aloe nyeriensis Christian

Shrub, thicket forming; leaves deep green, narrow; flowers red, penduncles green; rocky bushland; uncommon.

Aloe francombei L. Newton.

TPY 2321

Succulent herb; leaves a rosette, sessile or short stem with age; rock slopes of the Mukutan Gorge and Milima and Kisu ridge; uncommon. Spotted leaves that dry black and pale pink flowers.

Aloe secundiflora Engl.

DO SR

Large fleshy herb; leaves a rosette, unspotted; flowers red; alluvial sandy soils; common.

JM 1881

Aloe sp.

JIVI 1881

Acaulescent succulent 20 cm tall; rosette leaves 2 cm wide, with a purplish tinge on drying; riparian; uncommon

Asparagus aethiopicus L. var. angusticladus Jessup

JM 1386

Armed woody struggler or scrambler; woodland; common.

Asparagus africanus Lam.

JM 1384

Armed woody climber, stems slightly grooved, zig-zagging; forest edges; common.

Asparagus asparagoides (L.) Wight

JM 1711

Climbing or straggling glabrous unarmed herb; cladodes alternate; upland forest under shade; occasional.

Asparagus flagellaris (Kunth.) Bak.

JM 1439

Erect to climbing armed woody perennial; stem grooved; cladodes needle-like, terete; rocky bushland; common.

Asparagus racemosus Willd. (A. buchananii)

TO

Woody climber; stems zig-zagging, spineless; forest; occasional.

Bulbine abyssinica A. Rich.

JM 1540

Herb; leaves in basal rosette, filiform to linear; flowers sulphur yellow; grassland; common. Chlorophytum sp. nr comosum (Thunb.) Jacq. DO 597

Herb; leaves linear-lanceolate; roots tuberous; fruits 3-angled; riverine; occasional.

Chlorophytum (Anthericum) subpetiolatum (Bak.) Kativu

DO 631

Perennial herb; leaves linear-lanceolate; roots tuberous; flowers white; woodland; occasional.

Chlorophytum sylvaticum Dammer (Dasystachys gracilis)

JM 2228

Small plant from an erect shortly fibrous rhizome; roots swollen, fleshy; leaves in ascending rosette; inflorescence dense; grassland and open woodland; common.

Gloriosa superba L.

Erect or climbing herb; leaves lanceolate; flowers scarlet or yellow to dark red; grassland; bushland, forest; common.

Ornithogalum tenuifolium Delaroch (O. ecklonii)

**TPY 2236** 

Herb; from a globose bulb; leaves long, linear-lanceolate; open woodlands on seasonally wet soils; occasional.

Scilla kirkii Bak.

JM 215

Herb; bulbs to 8 cm diameter; leaves ovate to sword shaped, sessile; seasonally wet soils; uncommon.

# 305 Typhaceae

Typha domingensis Pers.

TPY SR

Stout grasslike herb; leaf blades linear narrowing at base; dams; occasional.

## 306 Amaryllidaceae

Böophone disticta Herb.

**TPY SR** 

Herb with an annually-produced fan of leaves; rocky bushed grassland; common.

Crinum macowanii Bak.

JM 2169

Herb; leaves spiral, linear or strap shaped; flowers pink; sandy streams; uncommon.

Scadoxus (Haemanthus) multiflorus (Martyn) Raf.

TPY SR

Bulbous herb with leaves and inflorescence appearing at different times; leaves elliptic; sheaths purple spotted; flowers densely packed, red to pink; rocky places in forest edges, riverine; common.

## 307 Iridaceae

Gladiolus newii Bak. (Gladiolus natalensis, G. psittacinus)

JM 2040

Perennial herb; leaves linear; flowers streaked reddish orange; grassland; occasional.

Gladiolus (Acidanthera) ukambensis (Bak.) Marais var. elatus Marais

JM 1568

Erect herb; flowers long, white, scented; rocky bushed grassland; common.

# 311 Dioscoreaceae

Dioscorea astericus Burkill

DO 547

Annual twiner; leaf blades heart-shaped; flowers star-shaped; forest; common.

Diocorea quartiniana A. Rich. var. quartiniana

JM 1710

Climber; leaves 3-5 foliolate; leaflets obovate to elliptic; wooded grassland; occasional.

Dioscorea schimperana Kunth

Robust climber; leaves ± orbicular, cordate, acuminate; forest edges; occasional.

# 313 Dracaenaceae (Agavaceae)

Sansevieria robusta N.E. Br. (S. ehrenbergii)

TPY SR

Perennial; leaves succulent, a basal rosette; rocky slopes; occasional.

Sansevieria parva N.E. Br.

JM 1851

Succulent; leaves linear-elliptic in a rosette; flowers racemose, whitish to dull reddish; woodland; uncommon.

Sansevieria raffillii N.E. Br.

JM SR

Rhizomatous herb; leaves 3-6, strap shaped, variagated; flowers whitish; dry bushland; occasional.

## 314 Palmae

Phoenix reclinata Jacq.

JM 1598

Palm about 7 m; flowers pendulous, cream; watercourses; uncommon.

## 318 Hypoxidaceae

Hypoxis obtusa Burch.

JM 1802

Perennial herb; leaves narrow, strap-shaped, recurved; flowers 2-4 on a slender scape, yellow; burnt grassland on rocky shallow soil; common.

Hypoxis sp. nr obtusa Burch.

JM 1909

Similar to H. obtusa except flowers up to 7 and leaves less hairy.

## 326 Orchidaceae

Angraecum erectum Summerh.

DO 567

Epiphyte; stems erect, 10-100 cm; leaves rigid, lanceolate; flowers white, dry forest; common.

Ansellia africana Lindley

DO 621

Robust plant, 50-100 cm; flowers dull yellowish green, spotted; deep shade; occasional.

Diaphananthe subsimplex Summerh.

JM 1827

Straggling herb with long aerial roots; inflorescence shorter than leaves; forest; common. Eulophia orthoplectra (Reichb. f.) Summerh. TPY SR

Herb; leaves lanceolate; flowers lax; grassland; occasional.

# 331 Cyperaceae

Cyperus assimilis Steudel

**TPY 2138** 

Slender to fairly robust annual; root system minute; culms 1-50 cm; seasonally wet habitats; common.

Cyperus involucratus Rottb. (C. alternifolius)

IM 212

Robust perennial; rhizome 2-10 cm thick, woody, creeping; wet sites and stream banks; common.

Cyperus laevigatus L.

IM 2118

Leafless rhizomatous perennial; inflorescence of one to many sessile spikelets subtended by a short bract which is continuation of the culm; sand banks, river banks; common.

Cyperus rotundus L. (C. merkeri)

JM 2062

Medium sized perennial; stem base swollen; seasonally wet grassland; common.

Cyperus niveus Retz.

Perennial; culms crowded growing on straight line; dry grassland; occasional.

Cyperus obtusiflorus Vahl

DO 598

Perennial; bases swollen; sheaths dark brown; seasonally wet grassland; common.

Cyperus rigidifolius Steudel

TPY SR

Slender to fairly robust perennial; base woody; grassland near roads and cultivations; common.

Cyperus (Mariscus) impubes Steud.

DO 599

Robust perennial with a thick horizontal rhizome; seasonally waterlogged ground; common. *Cyperus* sp. TPY 2137

Perennial; culms 20 cm; leaf bases swollen; seasonally waterlogged areas; uncommon.

Cyperus sp.

JM 2103

Perennial; culms up to 45 cm; rhizome horizontal; seasonally waterlogged ground; uncommon.

Cyperus sp.

JM 2104

Perennial; culms up to 30 cm; bases swollen; seasonally wet habitats; uncommon.

Mariscus dubius Rottb. JM 2121 Robust tussocky perennial; culms usually few, together, 10–60 cm; rocky outcrops: Schoenoplectus ?proximus (Steud.) J. Rayn. TPY SR Dwarf annual growing in small tufts; culms 1-2 cm; wet grassland; uncommon. Rikliella rehmannii (Ridley) J. Rayn. (Scirpus rehmannii) JM 2105 Slender annual; roots reddish brown; culms 2-30 cm; seasonally wet grassland; occasional. 332 Gramineae Alloteropsis cimicina (L.) Stapf DO 607 Tufted annual: culms 30–120 cm; nodes hairy; open places; occasional. Andropogon shirensis A. Rich JM 2068 Tufted perennial; culms 40-120 cm, sometimes coated with fibrous remains of old leaf sheaths: bushland, common. Aristida adoensis Hochst. JM 2092 Perennial; culms 25-60 cm, densely caespitose; bushland; common. Aristida adscensionis L. DO 500 Annual; culms 10-100 cm forming erect or sprawling tufts; waste places; common. Bothriochloa insculpta (A. Rich.) A. Camus JM 2070 Tufted perennial; culms 25-200 cm; inflorescence subdigitate; grassland; common. Brachiaria brizantha (A. Rich.) Stapf JM 2083 Tufted perennial; culms 30-200 cm, geniculately ascending; wooded grassland; occasional. Brachiaria deflexa (Schumach.) Robyns DO 591 Loosely tufted perennial; culms 15-70 cm, weak; bushland; occasional. Brachiaria dictyoneura (Fig. & De Not.) Stapf JM 2080 Densely tufted perennial; culms 40-100 cm, never rooting at base; wooded grassland; occasional. Brachiaria serrata (Thunb.) Stapf JM 2089 Densely tufted perennial; basal sheaths silk tomentose; wooded grassland; occasional. Brachiaria serrifolia (Hochst.) Stapf DO 519 Annual; culms 40-100 cm; leaf-blades cordate; deciduous bushland; occasional. Brachiaria xantholeuca (Schinz) Stapf DO 624 Tufted annual; culms 20-40 cm; leaves velvety pubescent; bushland; common. Chloris gayana Kunth JM SR Perennial; culms 0.5-2.2 m; riverine woodland; common. TPY SR Chloris pycnothrix Trin. Annual; culms up to 0.5 m; grassland with scattered trees; occasional. Chloris virgata Sw. JM 2073 Annual; culms up to 1 m; scattered tree grassland; occasional. Ctenium somalense (Chiov.) Chiov. JM 2063 Tufted wiry perennial; basal sheaths dense mass of fibres; grassland; occasional. Cymbopogon pospischilii (K. Schum.) C.E. Hubbard DO 551 Tufted perennial; culms 40–100 cm; basal sheaths persistent; bushland; common. Cynodon plectostachyus (K. Schum.) Pilg. DO 659 Perennial without a rhizome; stolons stout and woody; disturbed bushland; occasional. **TPY 2238** Dactyloctenium aegyptium (L.) Willd. Annual; culms to 70 cm; geniculately ascending; open grassland, weed; common.

Digitaria diagonalis (Nees) Stapf JM 2090 Tufted perennial; basal sheaths silky hairy; open grassland; common. Digitaria milaniiana (Rendle) Stapf **TPY 2208** Loosely tufted rhizomatous perennial; basal sheaths glabrous; old cultivations and habitations: common. Elionurus muticus (Spreng.) Kuntze (E. argenteus) **JM 2066** Densely tufted perennial; culms 15-100 cm, leaf blades filiform; stony bushland; common. Enneapogon cenchroides (Roem. & Schult.) C.E. Hubbard JM 2085 Tufted robust annual; culms up to 1 m; wooded grassland; common. Eragrostis aspera (Jacq.) Nees DO 476 Tufted annual, culms 20-80 cm; disturbed grassland; common. Eragrostis cilianensis (All.) Lut. JM 2081 Loosely tufted annual; culms 10-90 cm; leaf blades with warty glands along the margin; overgrazed places; common. Eragrostis papposa (Roem. & Schult.) Steud. JM 2097 Tufted perennial; short lived; culms 10-40 cm; bushland; occasional. Eragrostis pycnostachys W.D. Clayton JM 2110 Tufted perennial; culms hard, wiry, 1 m; forest stream banks; occasional. Eragrostis racemosa (Thunb.) Steud. JM 2087 Tufted perennial; culms 9-80 cm; shallow stony soils; common. Eragrostis superba Pevr. JM 2078 Perennial forming mats; culms 20-120 cm; wooded grassland; common. Hackelochloa granularis (L.) Kuntze DO 638 Annual; culms 5–100 cm; leaf blades coarsely hispid; disturbed ground; occasional. Harpachne schimperi A. Rich. JM 2095 Densely tufted perennial; culms 13-52 cm; inflorescence lax; grassland; occasional. Heteropogon contortus (L.) Roem. & Schult. JM 2065 Tufted perennial: culms 30-100 cm; basal sheaths laterally compressed; wooded grassland; common. Hyparrhenia hirta (L.) Stapf JM 2075 Mat forming perennial; culms 30-60 cm; bushland; common. Leptochloa sp. **TPY 2220** Tufted perennial; grassland; uncommon. Loudetia flavida (Stapf) C.E. Hubbard **TPY 2214** Tufted perennial; culms 30–150 cm; bushland on rocky slopes; common. Loudetia kagerensis (K. Schum.) Hutch. JM 2067 Tufted perennial; culms 25–90 cm, blacked at nodes; stony hillsides; common. Loudetia simplex (Nees) C.E. Hubbard JM 2064 Tufted perennial; culms 30-150 cm, nodes yellowish to black and glabrous to bearded; panicle linear to narrowly ovate; deciduous bushland; common. Microchloa indica (L.f.) P. Beauv. **TPY 2198** Loosely mat forming annual (individual tufts); culms 5-50 cm; open grassland; occasional. **TPY 2329** Oplismenus burmannii (Retz.) P. Beauv. Annual, prostrate or trailing; culms 10-60 cm; forest shade or bushland trees; common. Panicum atrosanguineum A. Rich. DO 499 Tufted annual; culms 10-40 cm; disturbed places; occasional. Panicum maximum Jacq. JM 2101 Loosely to densely tufted perennial; culms 25-200 cm; damp bushland; common.

Panicum sp. TPY 2221

Tufted perennial.

Panicum sp. TPY 2213

Tufted perennial; culms 20 cm; bushed woodland; uncommon.

Pennisetum mezianum Leeke IM 2082

Shrubby perennial; culms 30-120 cm, ascending from a prostrate base; bushland; occasional.

Rhynchelytrum repens (Willd.) C.E. Hubbard

JM 2072

Annual or loosely tufted perennial; culms 30-100 cm; disturbed places, weed; common.

Sehima nervosum (Rottler) Stapf

DO 463

Tufted perennial; culms 30–100 cm; leaf blades long acuminate; stony bushland; occasional. Setaria acromelaena (Hochst.) Th. Dur. & Shinz TPY 2197

Loosely tufted annual; culms 15-50 cm; weedy places; common.

Setaria homonyma (Steud.) Chiov.

DO 498

Loosely tufted annual; culms 25-100 cm; weed of shady cultivation; uncommon.

Setaria orthosticha Herrm.

Loosely tufted annual; culms 10-150 cm; woodland shade; common.

Setaria plicatilis (Hochst.) Engl.

JM 2093

**TPY 2205** 

Tufted perennial; culms slender (2-3 mm basal diameter) radiating outwards to form a clump 0.5-1 m high; forest shade; occasional.

Setaria pumila (Poir.) Roem. & Schult.

JM 2074

Loosely tufted annual; culms 5-130 cm, nodes glabrous; pathsides, weed.

Setaria sphacelata (Schumach.) Moss

JM 2071

Tufted perennial from short rhizomes; culms 20-300 cm; wooded grassland; common.

Setaria verticillata (L.) P. Beauv.

JM 2107

Loosely tufted annual; culms 10-100 cm, geniculately ascending; deserted human habitations; common.

Sorghum arundinaceum (Desv.) Stapf

DO 617

Annual or short lived perennial; culms 0.3-4 m, often robust; disturbed places; common.

Sporobolus fimbriatus (Trin.) Nees

JM 2094

Tufted perennial; culms 50-100 cm; leaves mostly basal; open bushland; common.

Sporobolus panicoides A. Rich.

TPY 2211

Loosely tufted perennial; culms 15-100 cm; primary branches of panicles in whorls; bushland; occasional.

Sporobolus piliferus (Trin.) Kunth

**TPY 2210** 

Tufted annual; culms 5-40 cm; primary branches of panicles subverticillate, short; open places; occasional.

Sporobolus sp.

**TPY 2216** 

Perennial; culms erect to 80 cm; grassland; uncommon.

Themeda triandra Forssk.

JM 2069

Tufted perennial; culms 30–200 cm; false panicle wedge shaped; bushland; common.

Tragus berteronianus Schult.

JM 2079

Loosely tufted annual; culms 5-60 cm; inflorescence compactly cylindrical; overgrazed areas; occasional.

Urochloa panicoides P. Beauv.

DO 635

Tufted annual; culms 10-100 cm, base prostrate; deserted human habitations; common.

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