

## **Erratum**

Source: Journal of Mammalogy, 95(1)

Published By: American Society of Mammalogists

URL: https://doi.org/10.1644/1545-1542-95.1.16

BioOne Complete (complete.BioOne.org) is a full-text database of 200 subscribed and open-access titles in the biological, ecological, and environmental sciences published by nonprofit societies, associations, museums, institutions, and presses.

Your use of this PDF, the BioOne Complete website, and all posted and associated content indicates your acceptance of BioOne's Terms of Use, available at <u>www.bioone.org/terms-of-use</u>.

Usage of BioOne Complete content is strictly limited to personal, educational, and non - commercial use. Commercial inquiries or rights and permissions requests should be directed to the individual publisher as copyright holder.

BioOne sees sustainable scholarly publishing as an inherently collaborative enterprise connecting authors, nonprofit publishers, academic institutions, research libraries, and research funders in the common goal of maximizing access to critical research.



## **ERRATUM**

Several errors appeared in the article "Integrated taxonomy within the *Hylomyscus denniae* complex (Rodentia: Muridae) and a new species from Kenya" by Demos et al., Journal of Mammalogy 95:E1-E15. The legends for Figure 3 and Figure 5 did not accurately describe the corresponding figures. The authors sincerely regret the oversight. Corrected legends for these figures are as follows:

## CORRECTED FIG. 3 LEGEND

**FIG. 3.**—Dorsal, ventral, and lateral views of crania of *Hylomyscus*: A) *H. kerbispeterhansi*, new species (FMNH 210017 [holotype]; ONL = 26.7 mm), a female from Mau Escarpment, Kenya; B) *H. anselli* (FMNH 171362; ONL =

27.6 mm), a female from Mbizi Mountains, Tanzania; and C) *H. arcimontensis* (FMNH 150139; ONL = 24.9 mm), a male from East Usambara Mountains, Tanzania.

## CORRECTED FIG. 5 LEGEND

**FIG. 5.**—Scatter plot of canonical variates (CV) axes 1 and 2 depicting results of discriminant function analysis performed on 14 log-transformed craniodental measurements. Projection of individual scores from 165 specimens assigned to 4 *Hylomyscus* taxa are depicted by the following symbols:  $\circ = kerbispeterhansi$ , + = anselli,  $\Box = arcimontensis$ ,  $\diamondsuit = endorobae$ . Ellipses indicate 95% confidence limits for taxa.