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Source: Florida Entomologist, 95(1): 228-232

Published By: Florida Entomological Society

URL: https://doi.org/10.1653/024.095.0141

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ARTHROPOD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATED WITH TROPICAL SODA APPLE AND NATURAL ENEMIES OF *GRATIANA BOLIVIANA* (COLEOPTERA: CHRYSOMELIDAE) IN FLORIDA

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Tropical soda apple, *Solanum viarum* Dunal (Solanaceae), is a 1.5-m-tall perennial shrub native to tropical regions of South America. First reported in Florida in 1988, tropical soda apple rapidly became a major weed in pastures and conservation areas across the southeastern United States (Mullahey 1996). In pastures, tropical soda apple competes with forages resulting in reduced stocking rates (Mullahey et al. 1998). Florida ranchers spent an average of \$44 per acre on chemical and mechanical control costs on tropical soda apple in 2006 (Thomas 2007). Additionally, this plant is an alternate host of several diseases of solanaceous crops (McGovern et al. 1994; Adkins et al. 2007).

A biological control program of tropical soda apple was initiated in 1994, and several natural enemies were collected in Brazil, Argentina and Paraguay (Medal et al. 1996), including Gratiana boliviana Spaeth (Coleoptera: Chrysomelidae). This host specific beetle was first released into Florida in May 2003, and by 2008 approximately 180,000 beetles had been released (Overholt et al. 2009). Experiments conducted in central Florida demonstrated that beetle populations increased during the summer and remained very low during the coldest months of the year from Dec to mid-Mar (Overholt et al. 2010). Beetle populations were more abundant on plants located in open pastures compared to those in shaded hammocks (Diaz et al. 2011). In a four-year study, Overholt et al. (2010) demonstrated that tropical soda apple densities decreased by 90% two yr after beetle release. Survival from egg to adult in closed cages was 51% compared to 15% in open cages (Manrique et al. 2011), thus revealing the impact of biotic factors on G. boliviana populations. Because of the presence in Florida of many solanaceous plants, we inventoried the herbivores associated with tropical soda apple with the hypothesis that many would expand their host ranges to include the novel resource. Additionally, because of the importance of G. boliviana as a biological control agent of tropical soda apple, we inventoried its natural enemies in Florida.

Arthropods were collected from 2004 to 2011 at two *G. boliviana* mass rearing facilities in Fort Pierce, Florida and from several natural infestations on ranches or conservation areas in central and south Florida. Collection methods for insect herbivores and predators included hand catching, aspiration, rearing, and the use of beating cloths. Lepidopteran larvae found feeding on tropical soda apple were reared in the laboratory until adult emergence and then identified. Parasitoids were reared from G. boliviana pupae, and field observations of predation were made. Entomopathogens of G. boliviana were identified using light microscopy by Dr. Drion Boucias at the University of Florida, and arthropods were identified by personnel at the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Division of Plant Industry (DPI), Gainesville, Florida, and the Systematic Entomology Laboratory, United States Department of Agriculture, Beltsville, Maryland. All arthropods collected from tropical soda apple from 1994 to 2011 are included in the DPI database.

A total of seven mite species and 75 species of insect herbivores were collected from tropical soda apple in Florida (Table 1). The host specificity of these species ranged from Solanum specialists to generalists and included major pests of agricultural crops as well as ornamental plants. The high diversity of insect herbivores found in this study is explained in part by the presence of close tropical soda apple relatives in Florida, including 27 species in the genus Solanum and 31 species in other genera of Solanaceae (Wunderlin & Hansen 2008). Based on field observations, tropical soda apple is an attractive host for many agriculturally important insect pests such as Leptinotarsa decimlineata (Say) and L. juncta (Germar) (Chrysomelidae), Manduca sexta L. (Sphingidae), Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) (Aleyrodidae), Aphis gossypii Glover (Aphididae) and Lineodes integra Zeller (Pyralidae) (Table 1), and therefore may serve as a reservoir on which pest populations may increase before moving into crops.

A total of one mite species, 19 species of spiders and 30 species of predatory insects were found on tropical soda apple (Table 2). Predators observed feeding on *G. boliviana* larvae and pupae included *Geocoris punctipes* (Say) (Lygaidae), *Sinea* sp. (Reduviidae), *Perillis bioculatus* (Fabricius), *Stiretrus anchorago* (Fabricius) (Pentatomidae), *Tupiocoris notatus* (Distant) (Miridae), *Solenopsis invicta* Buren (Formicidae), and the spider *Peucetia viridans* (Hentz) (Oxyopidae). The mirid species found in this study are facultative predators, TABLE 1. HERBIVOROUS ARTHROPODS ASSOCIATED WITH TROPICAL SODA APPLE, SOLANUM VIARUM, IN FLORIDA.

Order: Family	Species	Importance
Acari: Acaridae	Undetermined	
Acari: Eriophyidae	Aceria sp.	
	Aculops lycopersici (Massee)	pest of tomato
Acari: Tarsonemidae	Tarsonemus sp.	pest of crops
cari: Tenuipalpidae	Brevipalpus californicus (Banks)	pest of citrus
	Tetranychus evansi Baker and Pritchard	pest of crops
cari: Winterschmidtiidae	Czenspinskia transversostriata (Oudemans)	
oleoptera: Anthicidae	Acanthinus argentinus (Pic)	
oleoptera: Cerambycidae	Styloleptus biustus (LeConte)	
Coleoptera: Chrysomelidae	Diabrotica undecimpunctata Barber	pest of crops
	Disonycha glabrata (Fabricius)	
	Epitrix fasciata Blatchley	pest of solanaceae
	Erepsocassis rubella (Boheman)	biccontrol of TSA
	Gratiana boliviana Spaeth ¹	biocontrol of TSA
	Leptinotarsa decimlineata $(Say)^1$	pest of tomato
	Leptinotarsa juncta (Germar) ¹ Plagiometriona clavata (Fabricius)	pest of Solanum spp.
oleoptera: Curculionidae	Faustinus cubae (Boheman)	pest of Solanum spp.
oleoptera: Elateridae	Conoderus rudis Brown	
oleoptera: Languriidae	Loberus sp.	pest of sweet potato
oleoptera: Languridae	Undetermined	
oleoptera: Phalacridae	Undetermined	
oleoptera: Tenebrionidae	Bothrotes canaliculatus (Say)	
oiptera: Agromyzidae	Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess)	pest of crops
Diptera: Cecidomyiidae	Undetermined	P
Diptera: Chloropidae	Undetermined	
piptera: Ephydridae	Leptopsilopa similis (Coquillett)	
liptera: Lauxaniidae	Camptoprosopella verticalis (Loew)	
)iptera: Muscidae	Atherigona orientalis Schiner	fruit fly
Iemiptera: Aleyrodidae	Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) ¹	pest of crops
	Trialeurodes abutilonea (Haldeman)	pest of crops
Iemiptera: Alydidae	Stenocoris tipuloides (DeGeer)	
Iemiptera: Anthocoridae	Xylocoris vicarius (Reuter)	
Iemiptera: Aphididae	Aphis gossypii Glover ¹	pest of crops
Iemiptera: Cercopidae	Clastoptera xanthocephala Germar	
	Prosapia bicincta (Say)	pest of grasses
Iemiptera: Cicadellidae	Planicephalus flavicosta (Stål)	
Iemiptera: Coccidae	Pulvinaria urbicola Cockerell	
Iemiptera: Coreidae	Anasa scorbutica (Fabricius)	post of evens
	Leptoglossus sp.	pest of crops
Jomintora, Dolphasidaa	Phthia picta (Drury) Delphacodes sp.	
Iemiptera: Delphacidae Iemiptera: Dictyopharidae	Undetermined	
Iemiptera: Lygaeidae	Ischnodemus brunipennis (Germar)	
leimptera. Lygaeidae	Paromius longulus (Dallas)	
	Pseudopachybrachius vinctus (Say)	
Iemiptera: Membracidae	Entylia carinata (Foster)	
Iemiptera: Miridae	Collaria oculata (Reuter)	
I	Cyrtopeltis modesta (Distant) ¹	pest of tomato
	Dicyphus minimus Quaintance ¹	pest of tomato
Hemiptera: Pentatomidae	Arvelius albopunctatus (De Geer)	pest of Solanaceae
	<i>Euschistus obscurus</i> (Palisot de Beauvois)	pest of cotton
	Euschistus quadrator Rolston	pest of cotton
	Euschistus servus (Say)	pest of cotton
	Mormidea lugens (Fabricius)	
	Proxys punctulatus (Palisot de Beauvois)	
Iemiptera: Pseudococcidae	Maconellicoccus hirsutus (Green)	pest of crops
	Palmicultor browni nr. (Williams)	
	Planococcus citri (Risso)	pest of crops
lemiptera: Pyrrhocoridae	Dysdercus sp.	
lemiptera: Rhopalidae	Niesthrea sidae (Fabricius)	
lymenoptera: Halictidae	Augochloropsis metallica (Fabricius)	
epidoptera: Arctiidae	Estigmene acrea (Drury)	pest of crops
	Hypercompe scribonia (Stoll)	
	Hyphantria cunea (Drury)	
epidoptera: Gelechiidae epidoptera: Noctuidae	Undetermined Enigmogramma basigera (Walker)	

¹Field observations in Florida suggested that insect populations could increase rapidly on tropical soda apple.

Order: Family	Species	Importance
	Heliothis subflexa (Guenée) Heliothis virescens (Fabricius) Mocis latipes (Guenée) Mocis sp.	pest of crops
	Plathypena scabra (Fabricius) Pseudoplusia includens (Walker) Spodoptera eridania (Cramer) Spodoptera latifascia (Walker)	pest of soybeans pest of crops
	Spodoptera ornithogalli (Guenée)	pest of crops
Lepidoptera: Nymphalidae Lepidoptera: Pyralidae	Ĥeliconius charithonia (L.) Lineodes integra Zeller ¹ Pilemia periusalis (Walker)	pest of Solanaceae
Lepidoptera: Sphingidae Lepidotera: Tortricidade Orthoptera: Tettigoniidae	Manduca sexta L. ¹ Platynota flavedana Clemens Undetermined	pest of tomato

TABLE 1.(CONTINUED) HERBIVOROUS ARTHROPODS ASSOCIATED WITH TROPICAL SODA APPLE, SOLANUM VIARUM, IN FLORIDA.

¹Field observations in Florida suggested that insect populations could increase rapidly on tropical soda apple.

TABLE 2. PREDATORS, PARASITOIDS AND ENTOMOPATHOGENS FOUND ON TROPICAL SODA APPLE PLANTS, *SOLANUM VIARUM*, OR RE-COVERED FROM *GRATIANA BOLIVIANA* IN FLORIDA.

Order: Family	Species	Functional Group
Acari: Ascidae	Undetermined	predator
Araneae: Anyphaenidae	Undetermined	predator
Araneae: Araneidae	Acanthepeira sp.	predator
	Acanthepeira stellata (Marx)	predator
	Argiope aurantia Lucas	predator
	Neoscona arabesca (Walckenaer)	predator
	Neoscona sp.	predator
Araneae: Clubionidae	Cheiracantĥium inclusum (Hentz)	predator
Araneae: Corinnidae	Meriola decepta Banks	predator
Araneae: Oxyopidae	Oxyopes salticus Hentz	predator
5 1	Peucetia viridans (Hentz)	predator
Araneae: Salticidae	Phidippus audax (Hentz)	predator
	Phidippus regius C. L. Koch	predator
	Phidippus sp.	predator
	Thiodina sp.	predator
Araneae: Tetragnathidae	Leucauge argyra (Walckenaer)	predator
Araneae: Theridiidae	Coleosoma acutiventer (Keyserling)	predator
Araneae: Thomisidae	Misumenops bellulus (Banks)	predator
	Misumenops celer (Hentz)	predator
	Misumenops sp.	predator
Coleoptera: Carabidae	Calleida decora (Fabricius)	predator
Dictyotera: Mantidae	Thesprotia graminis Scudder	predator
Hemiptera: Anthocoridae	Xylocoris vicarius (Reuter)	predator
Hemiptera: Lygaeidae	$Geocoris punctipes (Say)^1$	predator
Hemiptera: Miridae	Engytatus modestus (Distant) ¹	facultative predator
fieldpiela. Milliade	$Macrolophus sp.^1$	facultative predator
	Tupiocoris notatus (Distant) ¹	facultative predator
Hemiptera: Pentatomidae	Perillis bioculatus (Fabricius) ¹	predator
in in the second s	Podisus mucronatus Uhler	predator
	Stiretrus anchorago (Fabricius) ¹	predator
Hemiptera: Reduviidae	Arilus cristatus (Linnaeus)	predator
inipeera neuaritade	Sinea sp. ¹	predator
Hymenoptera: Braconidae	Undetermined	parasitoid
Hymenoptera: Ceraphronidae	Undetermined	parasitoid
Hymenoptera: Chalcidae	$Conura side (Walker)^2$	parasitoid
Hymenoptera: Eulophidae	Aprostocetus nr. $cassidis^2$	parasitoid
Hymenoptera: Eupelmidae	Brasema sp. ²	parasitoid
Hymenoptera: Formicidae	Camponotus tortuganus Emery	predator
	Crematogaster sp.	predator
	Cyphomyrmex sp.	predator
	Dolichoderus pustulatus Mayr	predator
	Pseudomyrmex cubaensis (Forel)	predator

 ${}^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}\! {\rm Predator\ observed\ feeding\ on\ } G.\ boliviana.$

²Parasitoid reared from G. *boliviana* pupae.

 3 Disease recovered from infected G. boliviana.

Order: Family	Species	Functional Group
	Solenopsis invicta Buren ¹	predator
	Pseudomyrmex gracilis (Fabricius)	predator
Hymenoptera: Pteromalidae	Undetermined	parasitoid
Neuroptera: Chrysopidae	Undetermined	predator
Odonata: Coenagrionidae	Ischnura hastata (Say)	predator
-	Ischnura ramburii (Selys)	predator
Orthoptera: Gryllidae	<i>Cyrtoxipha</i> sp.	predator
	Oecanthus sp.	predator
Microspora: Nosematidae	Nosema sp. ³	entomopathogen
Negregarinorida: Lipotrophidae Phyllum Bacteria	Mattesia oryzaephili Ormiéres, Loubes, and Kuhl ³ short gram-negative bacteria ³	entomopathogen entomopathogen

Table 2. (Conttinued) Predators, parasitoids and entomopathogens found on tropical soda apple plants, Solanum viarum, or recovered from *Gratiana boliviana* in Florida.

 1 Predator observed feeding on G. boliviana.

²Parasitoid reared from *G. boliviana* pupae.

³Disease recovered from infected G. boliviana.

and they comprised up to 95% of the predators found on tropical soda apple in central Florida (Manrique et al. 2011). Pupal parasitoids of G. boliviana included Conura side (Walker) (Chalcidae), Brasema sp. (Eupelmidae), and Aprostocetus nr. cassidis (Eulophidae). Because C. side also attacks lepidopteran larvae (Mitchell et al. 1997) and because of the taxonomic uncertainty of Brasema sp. and Aproctocetus nr. cassidis, we cannot conclude that any specialist natural enemies attack G. boliviana in Florida. The exploitation of G. boliviana by these parasitoids was reported three yr after its release in Florida (K. Hibbard, unpublished data). This relatively short time to host exploitation is similar to that which has been documented in other weed biological control programs (Hill & Hulley 1995; Kula et al. 2010, but see Christensen et al. 2011). Two parasitoids have been reported attacking the native Gratiana pallidula (Boheman) in Arkansas, i.e., a eulophid, *Tetrastichus*, and a chalcid, *Conura* sanguineiventirs (Cresson) (Rolston et al. 1965). However, these were not found attacking G. boliviana in Florida. Entomopathogens recovered from G. boliviana included Nosema sp. (Microspora: Nosematidae), Mattesia oryzaephili Ormières (Negregarinorida: Lipotrophidae), and a short gram-negative bacteria. The abundance of parasitoids and entomopathogens of G. boliviana was higher inside the mass rearing facilities compared to field conditions where predators (ants, spiders and mirids) were more abundant (Diaz et al. 2011).

SUMMARY

Arthropods associated with the exotic weed tropical soda apple were collected in Florida. We found that tropical soda apple is a suitable host for several insect pests of agricultural and ornamental plants. Additionally, we report several predators, parasitoids and entomopathogens of *Gratiana boliviana*, a biological control agent of tropical soda apple.

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