Web supplement

An alternative model was tested. It should be noted that equation below without the *rain* terms (*rain*_{hiro_yes}, *rain*_{naga_yes}, *rain*_{hiro_unk}, *rain*_{naga_unk}) is identical to the excess relative risk (ERR) models that have been used in many analyses of the atomic bombing data.^{6, 7}

$$\lambda_0(c,s,b,a) \Big| 1 + \beta_1 d \cdot \exp(\tau e + \upsilon \ln(a)) \cdot \sigma s + \gamma rain_{hiro\ ves} + \delta rain_{naga\ ves} + \varepsilon rain_{hiro\ unk} + \zeta rain_{naga\ unk} \Big|$$

where λ_o (.) is baseline risks using stratification by city (c), sex (s), birth year (b), and attained age (a). The direct radiation effects (d) can be modified by age at exposure (e), sex and attained age, while rain effect is not assumed to vary with other factors.

Thus the difference between this model and the main model in the paper, is that this one allows effect modification for the direct exposure but not for the rain exposure, which is a less plausible assumption. We report the results of this model with no effect modification for rain for comparability to a previous unpublished, but publicized, report.

Tables for Web
Table S1. Parameter estimates for direct radiation, fallout rain exposure and modifying effects with 95% confidence intervals for all causes of death.

	M ode k		
	Direct exposure only model	Rain information included (No effect modification for rain term)	Common effect modification
1962-2005			
eta_1 :Direct radiation (linear)	0.23 (0.18, 0.28)	0.23 (0.18, 0.28)	0.23 (0.18, 0.28)
γ:Himoshima Rain (Yes vs No)		-0.02 (-0.05, 0.01)	-0.03 (-0.06, -0.01)
δ:NagasakiRain (Yes vs No)	==	0.12 (-0.01, 0.23)	0.08 (-0.008, 0.18)
Effect modification		(,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
σ:Sex (Female=1;Male=-1)	0.36 (0.20, 0.52)	0.36 (0.20, 0.52)	0.38 (0.22, 0.53)
v : A ttained age	0.57 (-0.21, 1.47)	0.56 (-0.21, 1.46)	0.42 (-0.32, 1.28)
τ:Age at exposure	-0.48 (-0.67, -0.32)	$-0.48 \ (-0.66, -0.31)$	-0.48 (-0.66, -0.31)
ε: Hiroshim a Rain (Unknown vs No)	==	0.01 (-0.02, 0.03)	0.004 (-0.02, 0.03)
ζ:NagasakiRain (Unknown vs No)		0.02 (-0.04, 0.08)	0.02 (-0.04, 0.08)
Deviance	34,273	34,267	34,263
Parameters	179	183	183
A IC	34,631	34,633	34,629
LRT ^a		0.18	0.05
1950-2005			
β ₁ :Direct radiation (linear)	0.23 (0.18, 0.27)	0.21 (0.16, 0.26)	0.21 (0.16, 0.25)
γ:Himoshima Rain (Yes vs No)	==	-0.01 (-0.04, 0.02)	0.01 (-0.02, 0.04)
δ:NagasakiRain (Yes vs No)	==	0.06 (-0.05, 0.17)	0.08 (0.00006, 0.17)
Effect modification		(, ,	,
σ:Sex (Female=1;Male=-1)	0.35 (0.20, 0.50)	0.38 (0.22, 0.54)	0.37 (0.20, 0.53)
v: A ttained age	0.20 (-0.33, 0.88)	0.53 (-0.12, 1.43)	0.72 (-0.07, 1.87)
τ:Age at exposure	-0.45 (-0.61, -0.31)	$-0.55 \ (-0.73, -0.40)$	-0.58 (-0.76, -0.42)
ε: Hiroshim a Rain (Unknown vs No)		0.25 (0.22, 0.28)	0.26 (0.23, 0.29)
ζ:NagasakiRain (Unknown vs No)		0.42 (0.36, 0.49)	0.43 (0.36, 0.49)
Deviance	49,643	49,053	49,051
Parameters	179	183	183
A IC	50,001	49,419	49,417
LRT		p<0.001	p<0.001
${\bf 19501961}^{b}$			
β_1 : Direct radiation (linear)	0.02 (-0.01*, 0.07)	$0.004 \ (-0.008^*, 0.03)$	0.003 (-0.01*, 0.03)
γ:Himoshima Rain (Yes vs No)	==	0.04 (-0.04, 0.12)	0.000 (-0.001*, 0.04)
δ:NagasakiRain (Yes vs No)		-0.23 (-0.44, 0.02)	0.0002 (-0.003*, 0.01)
Effect modification		0.20 (0.11, 0.02)	0.0002 (0.003 , 0.01)
σ:Sex (Female=1; Male=-1)	0.04 (-0.50, 0.52)	-0.06 (-0.68, 0.53)	-0.02 (-0.64, 0.56)
υ: Attained age	-2.73 (-4.24, -1.67)	-3.59 (-5.95, -2.34)	-3.72 (-6.49, -2.40)
τ: Age at exposure			
ε: Hiroshim a Rain (Unknown vs No)		1.84 (1.69, 1.99)	1.81 (1.68, 1.95)
ζ:NagasakiRain (Unknown vs No)		2.12 (1.89, 2.37)	2.14 (1.91, 2.39)
Deviance	15,235	12,836	12,840
Param eters	80	84	84
A IC	15,395	13,004	13,008
LRT	^	p<0.001	p<0.001

^a: Likelihood ratio test relative to the direct exposure only model, ^b: Model included effect modification by sex, attained age and age at exposure failed to converge. Effect modification by age at exposure was removed from the model. *: Likelihood-based estimation algorithm failed to identify an interval. A Wald-type confidence interval was calculated.

Table S2. Parameter estimates for direct radiation, fallout rain exposure and modifying effects with 95% confidence intervals for solid cancer death.

	Direct exposure only model	Models Rain information included No effect modification for rain term)	Common effect modification
1962-2005	m ode1	(vo cheet modification for fair term)	iii Odilizaterii
$oldsymbol{eta}_1$:Direct radiation (linear)	0.42 (0.32, 0.53)	0.43 (0.32, 0.53)	0.42 (0.32, 0.53)
γ:HiroshimaRain (Yes vs No)	==	-0.003 (-0.07, 0.06)	-0.04 (-0.08, 0.01)
δ:NagasakiRain (Yes vs No)		0.25 (0.01, 0.53)	0.15 (-0.003, 0.36)
Effect modification		,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
σ:Sex (Female=1;Male=-1)	0.35 (0.18, 0.52)	0.35 (0.18, 0.52)	0.36 (0.19, 0.52)
υ: A ttained age	-0.73 (-1.57, 0.16)	-0.74 (-1.58, 0.15)	-0.77 (-1.64*, 0.11)
τ:Age at exposure	-0.35 (-0.54, -0.18)	-0.34 (-0.54, -0.17)	-0.35 (-0.54, -0.19)
ε:Himoshima Rain (Unknown vs No)	==	0.000 (-0.06, 0.06)	-0.01 (-0.07, 0.05)
ζ:NagasakiRa'n (Unknown vs No)		-0.03 (-0.15, 0.09)	-0.03 (-0.15, 0.09)
Deviance	20,184	20,179	20,178
Parameters	159	163	163
A IC	20,502	20,505	20,504
LRT ^a		0.31	0.16
1950-2005			
eta_1 :Direct radiation (linear)	0.43 (0.33, 0.53)	0.41 (0.31, 0.52)	0.41 (0.30, 0.52)
γ:Hiroshima Rain (Yes vs No)		-0.004 (-0.06, 0.06)	-0.02 (-0.06, 0.04)
δ:NagasakiRain (Yes vs No)		0.18 (-0.04, 0.43)	0.14 (-0.01, 0.33)
Effect modification			
σ:Sex (Female=1;Male=-1)	0.36 (0.20, 0.53)	0.38 (0.20, 0.54)	0.37 (0.21, 0.54)
υ: Attained age	-0.38 (-1.09, 0.40)	-0.36 (-1.10, 0.44)	$-0.37 (-1.20^*, 0.47)$
τ:Age at exposure	-0.37 (-0.55, -0.23)	$-0.41 \ (-0.59, -0.25)$	-0.42 (-0.60, -0.26)
ε:HiroshimaRain (Unknown vs No)		0.19 (0.13, 0.26)	0.19 (0.13, 0.25)
ζ:NagasakiRain (Unknown vs No)		0.15 (0.03, 0.27)	0.15 (0.03, 0.27)
Deviance	25,069	25,014	25,013
Parameters	179	183	183
A IC	25,427	25,380	25,379
LRT		p<0.001	p<0.001
1950-1961 ^b			
eta_1 :Direct radiation (linear)	0.46 (0.15, 0.84)	0.56 (0.14, 1.08)	0.46 (0.01*, 1.02)
γ:Hiroshima Rain (Yes vs No)		-0.05 (-0.22, 0.15)	0.14 (-0.02, 0.36)
δ:NagasakiRain (Yes vs No)		-0.59 (-0.91, 0.09)	c
Effect modification			
σ :Sex (Fem ale=1;Male=-1)	1.11 (0.52, 1.74*)	$0.99 \ (0.35, 1.70^*)$	1.17 (0.44*, 1.89*)
υ: Attained age	3.92 (-0.23, 10.03)	6.05 (0.93, 14.08)	6.29 (2.24, 11.87*)
τ:Age at exposure			
ε:Hiroshima Rain (Unknown vs No)		1.87 (1.52, 2.28)	1.95 (1.61, 2.34)
ζ:NagasakiRain (Unknown vs No)		1.75 (1.17, 2.46)	1.78 (1.20, 2.50)
Deviance	4,777	4,418	4,419
Parameters	80	84	83
A IC LRT	4,937	4,586	4,585

^a: Likelihood ratio test relative to the direct exposure only model, ^b: Model included effect modification by sex, attained age and age at exposure failed to converge. Effect modification by age at exposure was removed from the model. ^c: Parameter of Nagasaki "Yes" was fixed to 0 in the common effect modification model. *: Likelihood-based estimation algorithm failed to identify an interval. A Wald-type confidence interval was calculated.

Table S3. Parameter estimates for direct radiation, fallout rain exposure and modifying effects with 95% confidence intervals for leukemia death.

	Direct exposure only	M odels Rain information included	Common effect
	m odel	(No effect modification for rain term)	m odification
1962-2005			
eta_1 :Direct radiation (linear)	0.70 (-0.77, 2.54)	0.69 (-0.83, 2.55)	0.70 (-0.79, 2.54)
β_2 :Direct radiation (quadratic)	1.31 (0.23, 2.56)	1.29 (0.21, 2.60)	1.27 (0.19*, 2.57)
γ:Hiroshima Rain (Yes vs No)		0.06 (-0.35, 0.62)	0.05 (-0.36*, 0.56)
δ:NagasakiRain (Yes vs No)		-0.09 (-1.64*, 2.48)	-0.18 (-1.39*, 1.02*)
Effect modification			
σ :Sex (Fem ale=1;Male=-1)	0.25 (-0.14, 0.59)	0.26 (-0.14, 0.60)	0.25 (-0.14, 0.60)
v : A ttained age	-0.73 (-2.45, 1.04)	-0.74 (-2.47, 1.05)	-0.77 (-2.42*, 0.88*)
τ:Age at exposure	0.01 (-0.38, 0.40)	0.002 (-0.39, 0.40)	0.002 (-0.39, 0.36*)
ε: Hiroshim a Rain (Unknown vs No)		-0.13 (-0.44, 0.30)	-0.13 (-0.44, 0.30)
ζ:NagasakiRain (Unknown vs No)		0.36 (-0.40, 1.64)	0.35 (-0.40, 1.63)
Deviance	2,209	2,207	2,207
Param eters	160	164	164
A IC	2,529	2,535	2,535
LRT ^a		0.86	0.86
1950-2005			
β_1 : Direct radiation (linear)	0.76 (-0.10, 1.96)	$0.80 \ (-0.07, 2.00)$	0.80 (-0.16*, 1.75*)
β ₂ :Direct radiation (quadratic)	1.16 (0.49, 2.00)	1.13 (0.46, 2.00)	1.13 (0.42*, 1.96)
γ:Hiroshima Rain (Yes vs No)	==	0.07 (-0.30, 0.58)	0.06 (-0.15*, 0.32)
δ:NagasakiRain (Yes vs No)		-0.16 (-1.58*, 2.21)	-0.03 (-0.07*, 0.02*)
Effect modification			
σ :Sex (Fem ale=1;Male=-1)	0.01 (-0.31, 0.32)	0.01 (-0.31, 0.33)	0.02 (-0.31*, 0.35*)
υ: A ttained age	-1.97 (-2.78, -1.22)	-1.98 (-2.81, -1.23)	-2.00. (-2.78*, -1.21*)
τ:Age at exposure	0.17 (-0.09, 0.44)	0.17 (-0.09, 0.44)	0.17 (-0.08*, 0.42*)
ε: Hiroshima Rain (Unknown vs No)		$-0.14 \ (-0.42, 0.26)$	-0.13 (-0.41, 0.24)
ζ:NagasakiRain (Unknown vs No)		0.73 (-0.11, 2.05)	0.74 (-0.10, 2.05)
Deviance	2,980	2,977	2,976
Param eters	180	184	184
A IC	3,340	3,345	3,344
LRT		0.44	0.38
${\bf 19501961}^{b}$			
β_1 :Direct radiation (linear)	1.16 (-0.72*, 4.57)	1.53 (-0.16, 6.17)	1.57 (-0.79*, 3.92*)
β_2 : Direct radiation (quadratic)	1.50 (0.31, 4.08)	1.72 (0.32, 5.11)	1.63 (-0.27*, 3.53*)
γ:Himoshima Rain (Yes vs No)		0.46 (-0.46, 2.49)	0.12 (-0.25*, 0.50*)
δ:NagasakiRain (Yes vs No)		c	-0.02 (-0.27*, 0.24*)
Effect modification			0.02 (0.21 , 0.21)
σ :Sex (Fem ale=1; Male=-1)	-0.51 (-0.87, 0.07)	-0.54 (-0.88, 0.04)	-0.51 (-1.02*, 0.004*)
υ: A ttained age	-1.79 (-2.86, -0.84)	-1.81 (-2.88, -0.85)	-1.87 (-2.90*, -0.84*)
τ:Age at exposure	==		
ε: Hiroshima Rain (Unknown vs No)	==	-0.06 (-0.70, 1.37)	-0.11 (-0.98*, 1.20)
ζ:NagasakiRain (Unknown vs No)		4.54 (0.46, 16.53)	4.63 (0.53, 16.12)
Deviance	722	716	716
Param eters	81	84	85
A IC	884	884	886
LRT		NA	0.16

^a: Likelihood ratio test relative to the direct exposure only model, ^b: Model included effect modification by sex, attained age and age at exposure failed to converge. Effect modification by age at exposure was removed from the model. ^c: Parameter of Nagasaki "Yes" was fixed to 0 in the common effect modification model. ^{*}: Likelihood-based estimation algorithm failed to identify

an interval. A Wald-type confidence interval was calculated.

Table S4. Parameter estimates for direct radiation, fallout rain exposure and modifying effects with 95% confidence intervals for solid cancer incidence.

	Dimet avrecum on b	Models Rain information included	Common offort
	Direct exposure only model	No effect modification for main term)	Common effect modification
1962-2005	iii ode i	(vo effect in odification for fair term)	modification
β_1 :Direct radiation (linear)	0.50 (0.41, 0.59)	0.51 (0.42, 0.60)	0.49 (0.41, 0.58)
γ:Hiroshina Rain (Yes vs No)	==	-0.03 (-0.08, 0.02)	-0.06 (-0.10, -0.03)
δ:NagasakiRain (Yes vs No)	==	-0.17 (-0.33, 0.01)	-0.09 (-0.19*, 0.03)
Effect modification		(, ,	0.00 (0.10 , 0.00)
σ:Sex (Female=1; Male=-1)	0.34 (0.22, 0.46)	0.34 (0.22, 0.46)	0.34 (0.22, 0.46)
υ: Attained age	-0.82 (-1.40, -0.22)	-0.80 (-1.37, -0.21)	-0.96 (-1.52*, -0.38)
τ: Age at exposure	-0.26 (-0.39, -0.14)	-0.26 (-0.38, -0.14)	-0.26 (-0.38, -0.14)
ε: H irosh in a Rain (Unknown vs No)		-0.01 (-0.06, 0.04)	-0.02 (-0.07, 0.03)
ζ:NagasakiRain (Unknown vs No)		-0.19 (-0.28, -0.10)	$-0.19 \ (-0.27, -0.10^*)$
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Deviance	25,592	25,573	25,564
Parameters	144	148	148
A IC	25,880	25,869	25,860
LRT^a		p<0.001	p<0.001
1958-2005			
β_1 :Direct radiation (linear)	0.49 (0.40, 0.57)	0.49 (0.41, 0.58)	0.47 (0.39*, 0.56)
γ:Hiroshima Rain (Yes vs No)		-0.03 (-0.08, 0.02)	0.06 (-0.09*, -0.03*)
δ:NagasakiRain (Yes vs No)		-0.21 (-0.36, -0.04)	^c
Effect modification		0.21 (0.50, 0.01)	
σ: Sex (Fem ak=1; Mak=-1)	0.33 (0.21, 0.45)	0.33 (0.21, 0.45)	0.33 (0.21*, 0.45*)
υ: A ttained age	-0.94 (-1.45, -0.40)	-0.91 (-1.42, -0.38)	-1.06 (-1.56*, -0.56*)
τ: Age at exposure	-0.28 (-0.40, -0.16)	-0.27 (-0.39, -0.16)	-0.28 (-0.40, -0.17*)
ε: H irosh in a Rain (Unknown vs No)		-0.006 (-0.05, 0.04)	-0.02 (-0.06*, 0.03*)
ζ: Nagasaki Rain (Unknown vs No)		-0.19 (-0.27, -0.10)	-0.02 (-0.06 , 0.03) -0.18 (-0.27*, -0.10*)
5-Magasakikaii (cilmiowii vs No)		0.13 (0.21, 0.10)	-0.16 (-0.27 , -0.10)
Deviance	28,420	28,398	28,394
Parameters	144	148	147
A IC	28,708	28,694	28,688
LRT		p<0.001	NA
1958-1961 ^b			
β_1 : D irect radiation (linear)	0.09 (0.008, 0.32)	0.09 (-0.06*, 0.23*)	0.10 (-0.06*, 0.25*)
γ: Hiroshima Rain (Yes vs No)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.04 (-0.17*, 0.25*)	0.006 (-0.03*, 0.04*)
δ:NagasakiRain (Yes vs No)		-1.00 (-1.02*, -0.98*)	-0.002 (-0.01*, 0.01*)
Effect modification		1.00 (1.02 , 0.98)	0.002 (0.01 , 0.01)
σ: Sex (Fem ak=1; Mak=-1)	-0.01 (-0.70, 0.65)	-0.02 (-0.82*, 0.77*)	-0.01 (-0.79*, 0.77*)
υ: Attained age	-3.94 (-6.44, -2.25)	-4.01 (-6.00*, -2.03*)	-3.89 (-5.82*, -1.97*)
τ: Age at exposure	0.51 (0.11, 2.20)	4.01 (0.00 , 2.03)	5.09 (5.02 , 1.97 <i>)</i>
ε: H irosh in a Rain (Unknown vs No)		0.05 (-0.15*, 0.25*)	0.05 (-0.15*, 0.24*)
ζ: Nagasaki Rain (Unknown vs No)			
2.11 agasakii vaii (n likiin mii Az 140)		-0.23 (-0.65*, 0.18*)	-0.21 (-0.64*, 0.21*)
Deviance	2,715	2,704	2,714
Parameters	60	64	64
A IC	2,835	2,832	2,842
LRT		0.02	0.88

a: Likelihood ratio test relative to the direct exposure only model, *: Likelihood-based estimation algorithm failed to identify an interval. A Wald-type confidence interval was calculated.

Table S5. Parameter estimates for direct radiation, fallout rain exposure and modifying effects with 95% confidence intervals for leukemia incidence in Hiroshima.

	D * + 1 1	M odek	0 00 1
	Direct exposure only model	Rain information included (No effect modification for rain term)	Common effect modification
1962-2005	m ode1	(vo effect in odification for fair term)	mouncaton
β_1 :Direct radiation (linear)	1.12 (-0.53, 3.14)	$1.12 (-0.70, 2.89^*)$	0.98 (-0.73, 3.08)
β ₂ :Direct radiation (quadratic)	0.82 (-0.29, 2.21)	0.86 (-0.31*, 2.40)	0.91 (-0.24, 2.38)
γ: Hiroshima Rain (Yes vs No)		0.26 (-0.21, 0.93)	0.31 (-0.16, 0.99)
δ:NagasakiRain (Yes vs No)	==	-0.79 (-1.71*, 2.03)	^c
Effect modification		-0.79 (-1.71 , 2.03)	
σ:Sex (Female=1; Male=-1)	0.11 (-0.36, 0.54)	0.11 (-0.37, 0.57)	0.13 (-0.35, 0.56)
υ: Attained age	-0.49 (-2.73, 1.94)	-0.45 (-2.79, 2.02)	-0.25 (-2.57, 2.33)
τ: Age at exposure	-0.03 (-0.54, 0.46)	$-0.02 \ (-0.53, 0.50)$	-0.11 (-0.62, 0.40)
ε: H irosh in a Rain (Unknown vs No)	0.03 (0.34, 0.40)	-0.03 (-0.39, 0.47)	-0.02 (-0.37, 0.49)
ζ: Nagasaki Rain (Unknown vs No)		0.48 (-0.44, 2.15)	0.52 (-0.42, 2.21)
,		0.110 (0.111, 2. 110)	vio 2 (vii 2, 2, 2, 2, 1)
Deviance	1,987	1,985	1,985
Parameters	145	149	148
A IC	2,277	2,283	2,281
LRT ^a		p<0.001	NA
1958-2005			
β_1 :Direct radiation (linear)	1.35 (0.20, 3.02)	1.41 (0.21, 2.79*)	1.30 (-0.01*, 2.61*)
β ₂ :Direct radiation (quadratic)	0.51 (-0.29, 1.49)	$0.48 (-0.32^*, 1.49)$	0.49 (-0.28*, 1.25*)
γ: Hiroshim a Rain (Yes vs No)		0.11 (-0.30, 0.70)	-0.03 (-0.27*, 0.21*)
δ:NagasakiRain (Yes vs No)			
		$-0.90 \ (1.53^*, 1.63)$	c
Effect modification σ: Sex (Female=1; Male=-1)	0.00 (0.00 0.40)	0.02 (0.40 .0.44)	0.05 (0.27 0.45)
	0.03 (-0.38, 0.43)	0.02 (-0.40, 0.44)	0.05 (-0.37, 0.45)
υ: Attained age	-2.05 (-3.73, -0.59)	-2.02 (-3.79, -0.58*)	-2.16 (-3.63*, -0.70*)
τ: Age at exposure	0.19 (-0.21, 0.62)	0.18 (-0.18*, 0.54*)	0.22 (-0.22, 0.58*)
ε: Hiroshina Rain (Unknown vs No)	==	$-0.10 \ (-0.42, 0.36)$	-0.13 (-0.50*, 0.23*)
ζ:NagasakiRain (Unknown vs No)		0.35 (-0.49, 1.85)	0.40 (-0.72*, 1.53*)
Deviance	2,316	2,314	2,315
Param eters	145	149	148
A IC	2,606	2,612	2,611
LRT		0.72	NA
1958-1961 ^b			
β_1 : D irect radiation (linear)	264 (012 1665)	Not conversed	Not conversed
	2.64 (0.12, 16.65)	Not converged	Notconverged
β ₂ :Direct radiation (quadratic)	0.12 (-1.64*, 3.54)		
γ: Hiroshim a Rain (Yes vs No)	==		
δ:NagasakiRain (Yes vs No)			
Effect modification			
σ:Sex (Female=1;Male=-1)	-0.51 (-0.98, 0.49)		
v : A ttained age	-2.09 (-5.23, -0.02)		
τ:Age at exposure			
ε: Hiroshima Rain (Unknown vs No)			
ζ:NagasakiRain (Unknown vs No)			
Deviance	286		
Param eters	61		
A IC	408		
LRT	==		

^a: Likelihood ratio test relative to the direct exposure only model, *: Likelihood-based estimation algorithm failed to identify an interval. A Wald-type confidence interval was calculated.