

Supplementary Figure S1. Effects of a low temperature pulse on the phase of *Sarcophaga crassipalpis* eclosion rhythms. Distributions of adult eclosion are shown at 6-min intervals. A 4-h low-temperature pulse of $22^{\circ}C$ (A₁, A₂) or a 1-h low-temperature pulse of $4^{\circ}C$ (B₁, B₂) was applied at different times before eclosion. A series of experiments were performed twice for each experiment. Pupae were transferred from TC 12:12 to a constant temperature of $28^{\circ}C$ at ZT 0 on day 16. Pupae were under constant conditions (a), provided with a temperature pulse as indicated in the actogram (b–g), or reared under temperature cycles (h). Triangle, the median for each eclosion group; Black bar, $4^{\circ}C$; Gray bar, $22^{\circ}C$; White bar, $28^{\circ}C$. A free-running period was 24.4 h in A₁ and A₂, 23.4 h in B₁ and 24.1 h in B₂. A₁, n = 69-84; A₂, n = 74-84; B₁, n = 64-77; B₂, n = 73-82.